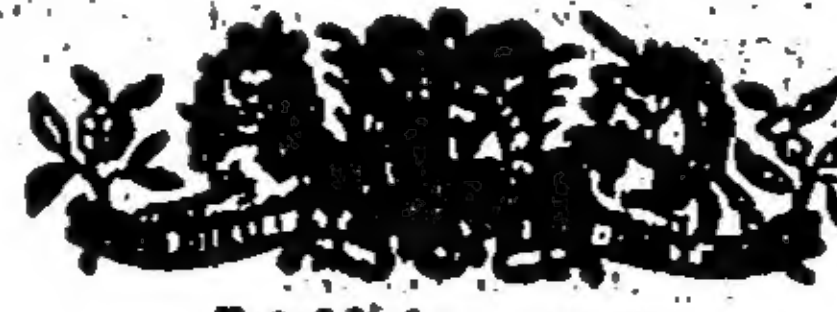


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COMMENT OF  
THE DAY

Govt & The Duke

WE return to the subject of the Duke of Edinburgh and his forthcoming tour with two questions: are the Unofficials interested in the suggestion that the Duke should be invited to include Hongkong in his itinerary? And has Government yet done anything, or is intending to do anything, about conveying to the proper quarters in London popular reaction to the proposal here in Hongkong?

If the Unofficials, severally or unitedly, have formulated views on the proposition we suggest they should take the opportunity of expressing them at tomorrow's Legislative Council meeting. And they should, at the same time, request a statement from Government on what it has done or proposes to do.

Through the General Chamber of Commerce and the Chinese Manufacturers Union the businessmen of the Colony have indicated in definite terms that they fully support the idea of trying to have Hongkong included in the Duke's itinerary; and similar support on behalf of the other sections of the community has been given through the spokesmen of the two Reform Clubs and the Civic Association.

THE picture would be completed if the Unofficials voiced their opinions, which it can be assumed would be favourable to the proposal, and if Government would also give it official blessing.

Time is now the important factor. Any undue delay in bringing before the appropriate authorities the keen desire shared by the whole of Hongkong to have the Duke pay the Colony a visit would be fatal to the prospects of His Royal Highness's programme being accordingly revised.

The community has a right to expect a statement from Government on the subject during this week. And tomorrow's Legislative Council meeting suggests itself as the best opportunity.

Unpromising

THE present mood of Britain's trade unionists is anything but propitious for a sympathetic acceptance of Mr Harold Macmillan's appeal for wage restraints; on the contrary, everything indicates that at this week's annual conference of the Trade Union Congress the appeal will be decisively rejected.

Biggest blow to the Chancellor's hopes that the conference will adopt an accommodating attitude to his plea is the decision of the General Council of the TUC to remain on the sidelines.

Recently the General Council in its report to the TUC observed that "unless rises in incomes are kept broadly in line with increases in output" inflation will continue. This is precisely what the Chancellor of the Exchequer is saying, yet it seems the General Council is not prepared to subscribe to the view at the TUC conference.

Hitherto the TUC, and particularly its General Council, has been an important stabilising influence in employer-worker relations. It has recognised when claims for increases have been unrealistic and has refused to support them. It has always worked for a fair deal, taking into account national interests. If now it is going to reject the policy of wage restraints, and support pay rise claims without commensurate output increases, it will do the whole nation a grave disservice. Moreover, the General Council will have failed in its leadership.

NEW PLAN FOR SUEZ DISPUTE

If Cairo Talks Fail

DULLES MAY ASK UNITED NATIONS TO STEP IN

Washington, Sept. 3.

The United States would probably be willing to bring the Suez dispute before the United Nations General Assembly in the event of a stalemate or failure of the conference which opened in Cairo today, according to diplomatic sources here.

But the White House and State Department still maintain in public an air of official confidence that the five-nation Suez committee would achieve a workable solution.

If there was any tension in Egypt or Europe, certainly none showed in Washington. Today is Labour Day, a national holiday, and government offices were closed.

'Hundreds Delayed At HK Border'

Radio Peking today claimed that the re-imposition by the British authorities of the quota system on Chinese entering Hongkong had delayed hundreds of people at Shumshun this afternoon. The radio also claimed that hundreds of people, mostly women and children, were stranded at Shumshun while other members of their family waited disappointedly at the other end of the Shumshun bridge. According to the broadcast, only about 100 people were allowed to enter Hongkong today.—France-Press.

Rain Hits Harvests In England

London, Sept. 3. An abnormally rainy summer has threatened to make this year's harvest in many parts of Britain the worst for many years.

The National Farmers' Union, in a report on northern England, said harvest prospects there were the worst for several years, and that August, 1956 would go down as "one of the worst harvests" for some time.

Heavy flooding in Lancashire, Northumberland, Yorkshire and Cheshire had left a trail of inundated cornfields and bogged pastures. More than 30,000 acres in Lancashire alone were under water at the end of August. Heavy farm machinery, such as combines, were unable to operate in the waterlogged fields and the delayed corn harvest threatened to overlap the main potato harvest, adding to the farmers' other headaches. The N.F.U. said that, generally, conditions in the north were worse than the bad harvest of 1946 and some areas as bad as during the disastrous summer of 1912.

AND THE SOUTH

In the southern half of Britain, the corn harvest has been, to date, one of the most difficult, delayed and expensive of recent years, the N.F.U. says, and the weather during the next few weeks would be crucial.

Generally, harvesting was about half way through in the southern counties and if the bad weather persisted, yields would be reduced further. Heavy farming costs have already been incurred by men standing by idly waiting for dry cutting conditions and by the expenditure of time and fuel in drying out crops.

While no overall estimates are yet available of yields, the oats crop, already hit by spring drought, is certain to be substantially down due to the summer storms. Barley, too, is expected to be below average. The rain-drenched corn harvest has spotlighted the need for more drying plants, but the Government's credit squeeze had helped to limit capital investment in this and other directions, the N.F.U. added.—China Mail Special.

President Eisenhower stayed on at the White House but Mr John Foster Dulles, the Secretary of State, was away until tomorrow at his holiday retreat on Duck's Island, on the Canadian border.

It was, however, taken for granted that any important cables from Mr Loy Henderson, the high-ranking diplomat representing the United States on the five-nation committee, would be brought to Mr Dulles' attention.

French Step

Many officials felt that the movement of French troops to Cyprus had not helped to promote the kind of conciliatory atmosphere in which Egypt might be persuaded to negotiate freely.

Mr Dulles has been anxious to portray the issues in technical rather than political terms—to speak of piloting and dredging rather than "internationalisation" of the waterway.

But at the same time, Mr Dulles is understood to have been preparing for the possible failure of the Cairo talks by considering bringing the dispute, if necessary, to the United Nations.

Diplomatic sources said this represented a change in the

United States view. When the crisis first broke, administration leaders opposed recourse to the United Nations because it might take too long to find a solution.

Encouraged

But Mr Dulles is understood to have been encouraged by the reports he was able to obtain for his proposals at the London Suez conference.

With Turkey, Iran and Pakistan, for instance, among the 18 nations backing the Dulles plan, he now feels that the West would not have to face a solid Arab-Asian-Latin American bloc of opposition in the General Assembly, which opens on November 12, in New York.

Shortly after his return from London, Mr Dulles called in the Latin American ambassadors to a briefing at which he sought their support for the United States attitude.

It is also felt that Egypt would be willing to accept discussion in the General Assembly where the veto does not apply.

On the economic level the United States is quietly preparing for the worst: a committee of 15 United States oil companies, New York City, is set to discuss ways to help Europe meet any interruption in oil supplies from the Middle East.—China Mail Special.

TALKS IN CAIRO  
A Second Meeting

Cairo, Sept. 3.

The five-man Suez Committee headed by Mr R. G. Menzies, Australian Prime Minister, met President Nasser tonight for the second time to explain their proposals for international control of the Suez Canal.

The talks were adjourned after 75 minutes. The two sides will meet again tomorrow night.

At the second meeting, the Committee got down to the main business of making "a full presentation" of the proposals approved by 18 of the 22 nations represented at the London conference on Suez.

Menzies' Comment

Mr Menzies emerged from tonight's meeting looking very solemn and when reporters asked him if he was satisfied with the conduct of the talks, he replied sharply: "So far I am doing all the talking."

Mr Loy Henderson, American member of the Committee, was happy about the first contacts.

"I don't look unhappy, do I?" he asked, smiling.

As Mr Menzies walked from the Presidency to his car, he said, "As I said today, there will be no daily press releases because it is a very important

Two Executed

Beirut, Sept. 3.

Two Syrian soldiers were executed by firing squad today for complicity in the assassination in April last year of General Adnan Malik, Syrian Army Deputy Chief of Staff.—Reuters.

Prayers Unanswered: Shot Husband

A pretty blonde Paris shopkeeper, Mme. Josephine Bouguin, 36, today told Paris police that she killed her husband with a carbine because her prayers at Lourdes that he abandon a mistress went unanswered.

"My prayers were not heeded," she said, "so I put an end to an impossible situation." They had been married for 11 years. She said her husband, Lucien, had been unfaithful to her with a 32-year-old assistant in the shop and refused to fire the

SHOPLIFTING CHARGE AGAINST NINA MAY BE DROPPED

London, Sept. 3. Britain cleared the way tonight to drop the controversial shoplifting charge against the Soviet Olympic athlete, Nina Ponomareva.

The Office of the Director of Public Prosecution announced it had taken over responsibility for the case.

It was done at the request of "C and A Modes Ltd," the London shop which accused

Nina Ponomareva of stealing five feather hats. "C and A" declined to withdraw the charges.

But now it has withdrawn from the case, leaving it to the State to prosecute, there may be a change.

A spokesman said: "At the request of C and A Modes Limited, the Director has assumed responsibility for the prosecution."

He said it was possible for the office to drop the charge, even without the consent of the Dutch-owned shop.

"They have nothing to do with it now. We have taken over the prosecution," he added.

Meanwhile, a Russian official said Nina was still at the Embassy, and added: "She will be leaving London in two or three days' time."

—United Press.

This Morning's Evidence At The Conspiracy Trial

Witness Accused Of 'Bearing A Grudge'

An allegation that Mr Harry Hong Sling bore a grudge because he was "pushed out" of managing the affairs of their syndicate, was made by William Allan Hogarth, first accused in the conspiracy trial before District Judge W. T. Charles this morning.

Cross-examination of Hogarth by Mr W. A. Blair-Kerr, acting Solicitor-General, continued this morning, and Hogarth again denied it was to his suggestion of 10,000 shares for Keay, the Superintendent of Mines that Mr A. N. Braudo objected.

The accused, are William Allan Hogarth, chartered accountant, of 551, The Peak; Henry Charles Patterson, 49, Victoria Peak Apartments; John Patterson Whitefield, 54, Superintendent of Lighthouses, Marine Department, of Albany Flats; and William Murray Keay, 54, Superintendent of Mines, of 7 Kimberley Street, second floor. All four men are on nominal bail of \$300 each.

Hogarth, Patterson and Whitefield are represented by Mr D. A. L. Wright, instructed by Mr J. C. Stewart of Stewart and Company.

Mr Victor Gittins, instructed by Mr H. Cairne, of Johnson, Stokes and Master, is appearing for Keay.

The Crown is represented by Mr W. A. Blair-Kerr, Acting Solicitor-General, and Mr Deane, R.C. Crown Counsel, assisted by Mr T. Kavanagh, Assistant Superintendent of Police (Anti-Corruption).

Hogarth agreed that when he saw Keay in the latter part of January he discussed the Hong Sling-O'Neill agreement, mentioning the clause by which O'Neill could claim back his mine if he tendered \$300,000. He said Keay this was preventing his syndicate from developing anything.

Hogarth said he did not know this agreement had been witnessed by Keay until he was arrested.

He said he did not ask Keay what his attitude would be if O'Neill returned and claimed back his licences. It was in

his mind that his syndicate would, in their agreement with Mountain Lead Mines, get some shares to protect themselves if O'Neill made a claim.

Discretionary Powers

Mr Blair-Kerr suggested it would be a very important matter to know Keay's attitude as he was the man with discretionary powers to grant or refuse a licence.

"I thought Keay would make his own enquiries from the Legal Department of the Government if that was necessary. If he could not have issued the licences, he would not have issued them," Hogarth replied.

Mr Blair-Kerr: What would have happened to your syndicate if O'Neill came back in December or January, tendered the \$300,000 and applied for his licences?

Hogarth: According to Mr John McNeill's opinion there was no claim. Mr McNeill's opinion was that the money had to be tendered within a reasonable period. We did not have to keep the licence open forever.

Mr Blair-Kerr asked Hogarth whether he did not think it worthwhile to ask Keay, the man with discretion to issue licences, what his attitude would be.

Hogarth replied that he went to ask Keay what he wanted to know and he did not try to disguise the fact that they had this agreement. He told Keay they had this clause which could mean that O'Neill could get back his licence. If he tendered the \$300,000. At this time, he said, he was not at a subsequent meeting. Keay indicated that he would get the opinion of the Government legal advisers," he added.

Licence Sought

Hogarth admitted that he did not ask Keay whether he would exercise his discretion about granting the licences. His syndicate had put in an application for a mining and a prospecting licence for the area which Keay had suggested and Keay had indicated that if the Legal Department agreed, it was all right.

He asked Keay, whether they would get the licence on the piece of land and Keay, at the meeting with himself, Mr Hulso, and Whitefield, informed them that he had made arrangements

Purpose Of Visit

Hogarth agreed that he did not know Keay's attitude about exercising his discretion on the matter of licence, but said he thought that O'Neill's recourse was against his syndicate and not against Keay. He said it did not occur to him then that Keay had power to grant or refuse the licence.

(Contd. on back page, Col. 5)

US Court Ruling On Negro Boys

Nashville, Sept. 3. A legal bid to stop racial integration at Clinton High School, centre of week-long riots against the admission of the first Negro pupils, was rejected by Tennessee Supreme Court today.

Two battalions of National Guardsmen, with tanks and armoured cars, are in control of the little hill town of Clinton. All was reported quiet so far today, a national holiday.

In Nashville, the Tennessee Federation of Constitutional Government, a pro-segregation body, brought a request before the Supreme Court contending that the principal of the High School had no authority to admit the 12 Negroes.

This request claimed that the school board itself had not taken action on the admissions.

It also contended that school officials had no right to spend State funds on integrated schools, because the funds were appropriated specifically for segregated schools only.

FIVE MINUTES

The Court gave its unanimous decision after five minutes' deliberation, declaring the question was "fully foreclosed" by the decision of the United States Supreme Court to outlaw school segregation throughout the nation.

In Clinton, a normally sleepy town of about 4,000 people, there was speculation on whether the 12 Negro pupils would turn up when school resumes tomorrow.

The Mayor, Mr Everett Lowallen, said they expected the pupils of the 12 would bring them to school, but plans could be changed, and they might be escorted by troops.

He said he hoped the Guardsmen would be able to leave soon. It was not till the early hours of this morning that 83 Guards with fixed bayonets, 10 tanks and a helicopter succeeded in dispersing an unruly crowd of about 1,500 mostly teen-agers, round Anderson County Courthouse, Clinton.

They had hoisted and threatened a Negro sailor, who took refuge in a petrol service station and was rescued by five jeep-loads of Guardsmen.—Reuters.

Going To Denmark

Copenhagen, Sept. 3. The Queen and the Duke of Edinburgh will pay their official visit to Denmark as the guests of King Frederik and Queen Ingrid from May 21-25 next year, the Danish Court announced today.—Reuters.

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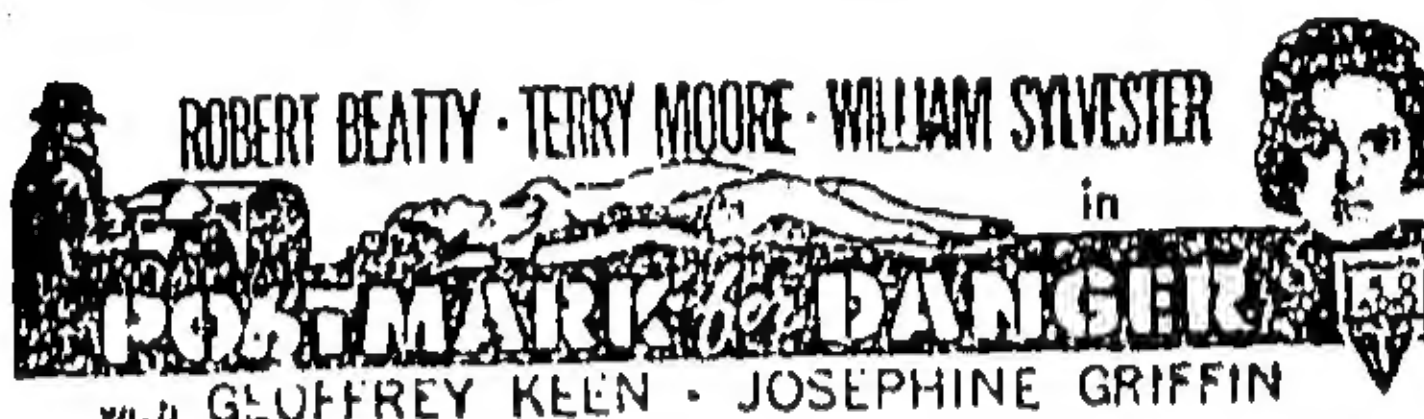
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### FINAL TO-DAY

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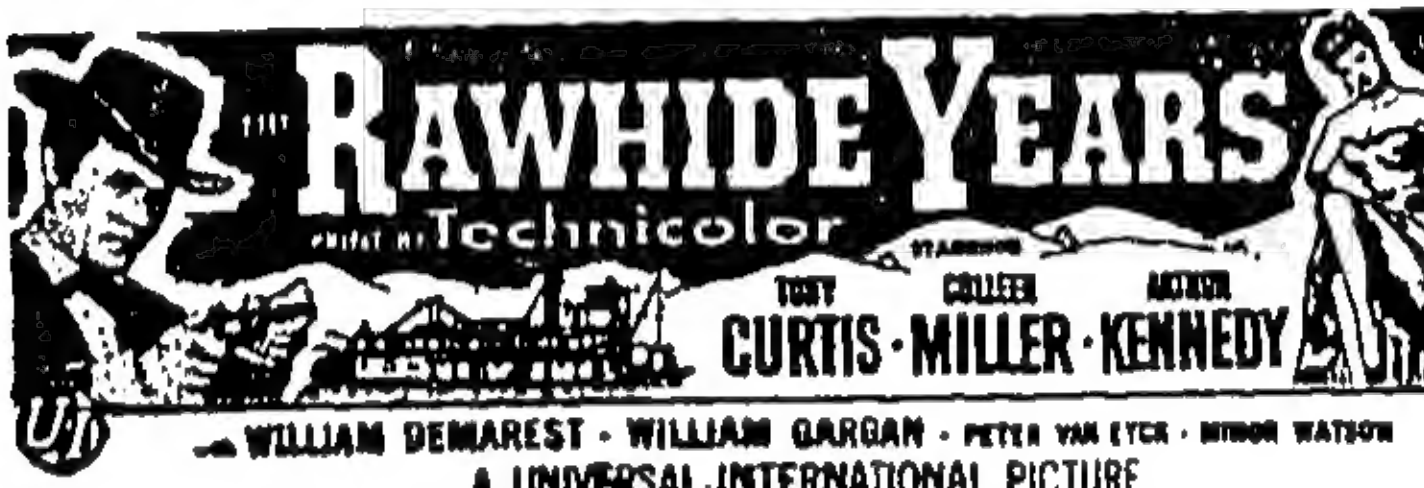


COMMENCING TO-MORROW



## KING'S PRINCESS

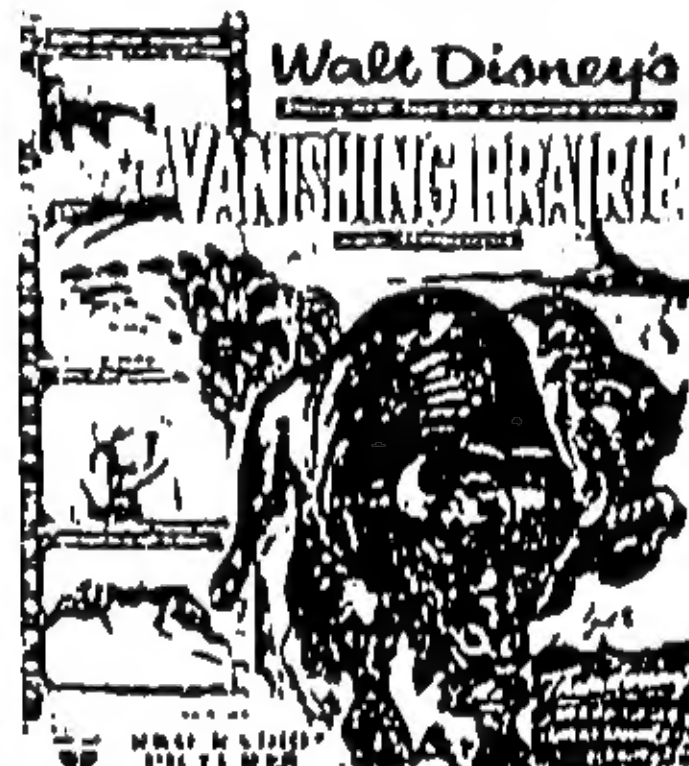
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EXCITING... New Horizons  
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HELD OVER TO-DAY  
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



OPENING TO-MORROW!  
Mark STEVENS in  
"CRY VENGEANCE"

## An Anglo-American Co-Starring Team



A new film co-starring team met last Tuesday at a press reception — Hollywood's glamorous Ariene Dahl and Britain's manly Jack Hawkins. Name of the film is "Fortune in a Woman." Fortunate Jack!—Express Photo.

## RAF Middle East Chief Stays On

Nicosia, Sept. 3.

The retiring chief of Britain's Middle East Air Force has decided to stay on at his post because of the Suez crisis, it was officially announced today.

Air Marshal Sir Claude Pelly had been scheduled to return to Britain after handing over his command yesterday to Air Marshal Hubert Patch. But an official statement issued today said he had decided to stay on in Cyprus "as a result of the present Suez situation."

Air Marshal Pelly will retain control of Britain's Middle Eastern Air forces for the next two weeks while Air Marshal

Patch goes on a tour of bases in Jordan, Libya, Iraq and Cyprus, the statement said.

### On Hand

The double-learning will ensure that a senior officer is on hand in Cyprus to make split-second decisions in the event of hostilities over the Suez Canal.

Meanwhile, British security forces relaxed their restrictions on Bishop Anthonios of Kitium, senior primate of the Greek Orthodox Church on the island, to enable him to officiate at a service in the church at Larnaca.

The Bishop was ordered confined to his home last week after Britain had released intelligence reports which it claimed implicated him in the affairs of Eoka, the underground anti-British organisation.

### Pray With Courage

Large crowds attended the service in Larnaca today but there were no incidents. During his sermon the Bishop said: "The Cypriot-Greek Church is passing through a dark period of tribulation. Let us pray with courage and patience for better days to come."—United Press.

## WOOL SALES

### Queensland Government Intervenes

Sydney, Sept. 3.

The Queensland Government intervened today in the shearing dispute in the hope of getting the Brisbane wool sales resumed as soon as possible.

After a special Cabinet meeting, the Government asked the Wool Buyers Association to hold sales. The Government said it would give every possible assistance to ensure export of wool.

The Cabinet was summoned to consider the serious economic issues involved by the cancellation of the Brisbane wool sales last week when 24 unions reaffirmed a decision not to handle wool shorn by non-union labour.

### THREAT

Cancellation of the sale of approximately A£7,000,000 worth of wool threatens the State's economy, the Cabinet was told.

Before the Cabinet met, Premier Gair of Queensland discussed the problem with the retiring Prime Minister, who promised his utmost co-operation in ensuring that the wool could be exported.

Mr Gair said he was hopeful that sales would be resumed at an early date.—United Press.



# STUMP WARNS AGAINST ASIAN NEUTRALISM

## SEATO Nations Determined To Fight For Freedom

Baguio City, Sept. 3.

Admiral Felix B. Stump, American Commander-in-Chief in the Pacific, today warned against neutralism and asserted that the SEATO nations are determined to stand against those who would destroy their freedom.

In a speech at the opening session of the SEATO military advisers' conference here, Stump said that the free nations of the world "are stronger in military force and in the spirit of their people than is Russia and its Communist slaves."

"But," Stump warned, "there is no place for neutralism in the world today. If I may be permitted a double paraphrase, united we will stand with freedom forever, divided we will fall into complete misery, starvation, death and slavery."

"As for us in SEATO, we are determined, united to stand for freedom, for our peoples today, for our children tomorrow and for our grandchildren in the ages to come."

### Solidarity

Stump, who is the United States military adviser to the SEATO, said that because of the increased strength and solidarity of the free nations in such organisations as NATO, the Baghdad Pact and the SEATO, Russia and its satellites have changed their tactics but have not changed their aims and objectives.

"They are still determined to extend totalitarian Communist rule over the world," Stump said. "They are still determined to bring death or slavery to all free people."

Stump said that the eight-nation Southeast Asia Treaty Organisation has "made great progress particularly in the military field" in the two years of its existence. But, he added, that "in spite of the progress we have made, there is no reason for complacency for there is much yet to be done."

The military advisers' conference, the third since SEATO



ADMIRAL STUMP

was born in Manila in September 1945, opened with great ceremonies in the Mansion House here.

The main purpose of the conference is to consider measures to strengthen the defences of the SEATO treaty area. The conferees — military leaders of Australia, France, New Zealand, the Philippines, Pakistan, Thailand, the United States, and the United Kingdom — will meet in secret after today's opening session.

The conference will end on September 8, the second anniversary of the birth of the eight-nation alliance.

Vice-President and Foreign Secretary Carlos P. Garcia who addressed the conference, also warned against neutralism.

Garcia said that the last world war "has demonstrated the axiom that in modern times standing alone and holding aloof assures us no safety in the face of an organised attempt at world conquest unparalleled alike in boldness of conception and in ruthlessness of operation."

"Recent developments of nuclear weapons have only served to drive this fact with apocalyptic emphasis into the amazed consciousness of humanity," the Philippines Vice-President said.

Garcia said that it was in recognition of the bid for collective defence that such organisations as the NATO, the Baghdad Pact and the SEATO were established.

### Primary Task

The military advisers elected Lieutenant General Vargas, Philippine armed forces Chief of Staff, as Chairman of the conference.

Vargas said the primary task of the conference is to "review studies completed by our staff planners in their last meeting" held in Singapore last June.—United Press.

## China's Grain Output Increased

Paris, Sept. 3.

A spokesman for the Central Relief Commission claimed in an announcement broadcast by Radio Peking tonight that China's total grain output this year is expected to surpass last year's despite damage by floods and the recent Typhoon Wanda.

He further claimed that natural troubles were serious but lighter than in 1954.

Timely relief work organised by the Government, combined with good work by the agricultural producers' co-operatives helped to minimise damage to the total crop output, he added.

### COMPARISON

Comparing the floods with 1954, the spokesman said that this year the situation was better for the major rivers such as the Yangtze and Huai remained safely within their dykes.

He claimed that only lesser rivers and tributaries breached their dykes or overflowed their banks, and that few people lost their lives and lesser damage to livestock and housing.

According to the spokesman, most of the affected areas were north of the Huai River.—France-Press.

## DINAH HEADS FOR CHINA

Paris, Sept. 3.

Typhoon Dinah — China's third biggest typhoon this year — by-passed Pingtan island some 60 miles southeast of Foochow at 10 p.m. today and made for the China coast, Radio Peking reported tonight.

She was travelling at 15 to 20 miles an hour in a northeasterly direction.

The radio said that though the typhoon's epicentre missed Pingtan island by 25 miles, all electric wires were broken and 12 cottages were destroyed.

Two fishing boats with their crew of 17 are reported missing, according to the broadcast.

### Kept Vigil

In Foochow, the radio said, the people had kept vigil throughout the night, and had made all possible preparations in expectation of the typhoon hitting the city.

Winds of strong gale to hurricane force and torrential rains are assailing the seaboard areas in northern Fukien and southern Chekiang.

Approaching midnight, the speed of the typhoon was falling. The radio quoted meteorologists predicting that the typhoon would lose its hurricane force to somewhere around a strong gale force after reaching the mainland in the next few hours near the Ming River estuary.

These same meteorologists, however, warned that winds of up to hurricane strength were still expected to attack places along the coast, the western part of East China Sea and the Taiwan Straits, the radio concluded.—France-Press.

## Too Fast For Villagers' Comfort

Farnborough, Sept. 3.

Britain opened its annual air show here today with an immediate thrilling bang on the world-beating Fairey Delta 2 fighter that flies at more than 1,000-mph.

The Fairey made too many supersonic passes for the comfort of villagers around this research centre south of London. The Minister of Supply, Mr Reginald Maudling, limited the research plane to Mach 1.25 (about 840 miles per hour) for demonstration runs at the air show.

The spike-nosed, V-winged jet clocked 1,132 miles per hour over a strictly measured run for a new world speed record on March 10.—United Press.

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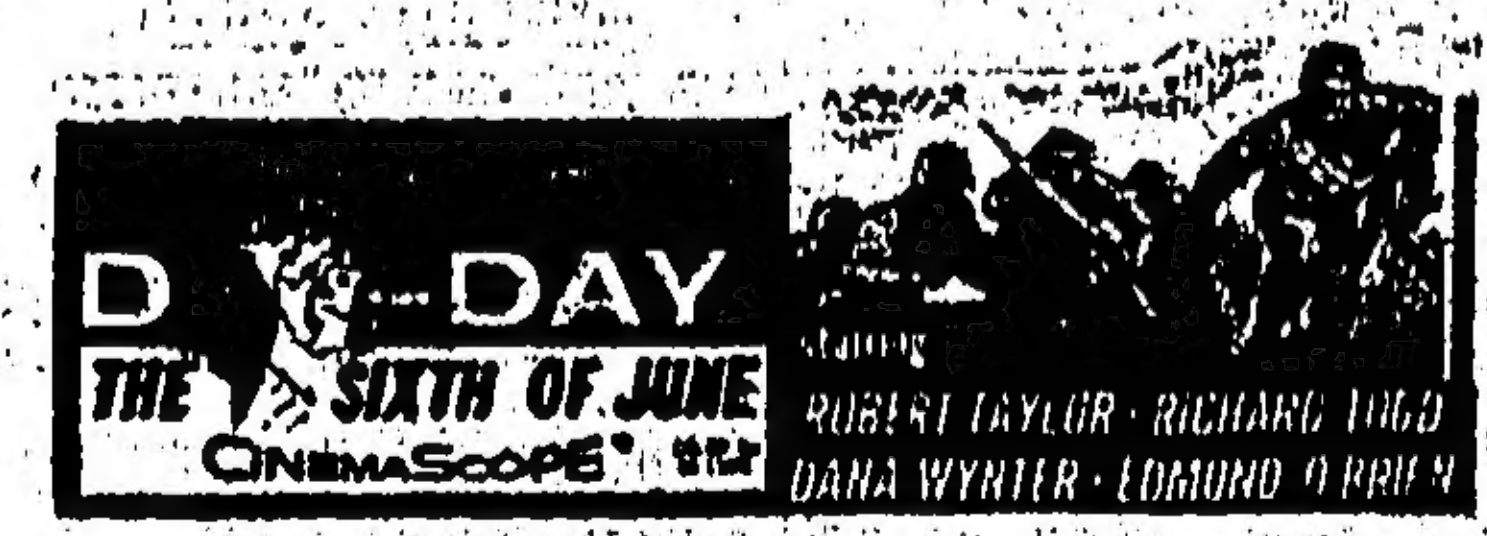


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I DO KNOW A LITTLE ITALIAN

GINO OR LOLLO

PRECIOUS DROPS FOR PRECIOUS MOMENTS. CHERRY HEERING



# Tough Suez Policy Worries

## New Measures Taken In Algiers

Algiers, Sept. 3. Algerian police have adopted new security measures to stamp out mounting terrorism in the city, it was announced today.

Special measures have been taken in the Lower Casbah (Arab) quarter, where 13 points of attack claiming a total of eight European and eight Muslim victims have occurred over the past two weeks. Casualties of the Casbah have been blocked.

It was also announced today that terrorists last night killed a hand of sub-machine gunners. Eugene Giraud, the owner of a cinema in the El Biar quarter of Algiers.

**ASSAILANTS FLED**  
The assailants fled in a car. Security forces in the Algiers region captured six rebel suspects and a quantity of arms and ammunition today during a clean-up operation near the Casbah.

Elsewhere in Algiers minor clashes were reported. In the Djebel Bou Soudan and Djidjelli, in the Constantine area, security forces fought skirmishes with rebel groups, causing losses in men and equipment to the outlaws.

At Marnia, in the Oran area, army forces captured a quantity of arms and equipment. **OVER 3,000 KILLED**  
According to figures released here today, a total of 2,720 French Muslim civilians and 363 French troops in Metropolitan France were killed by Algerian rebels between the start of the rebellion in Algiers in May, August 1 last.

Among the French Muslims killed were 42 women and 34 children while the death toll for French from the Metropolitan area included 17 women and 24 children. —France-Press.

## Prehistoric Grotto Found In France

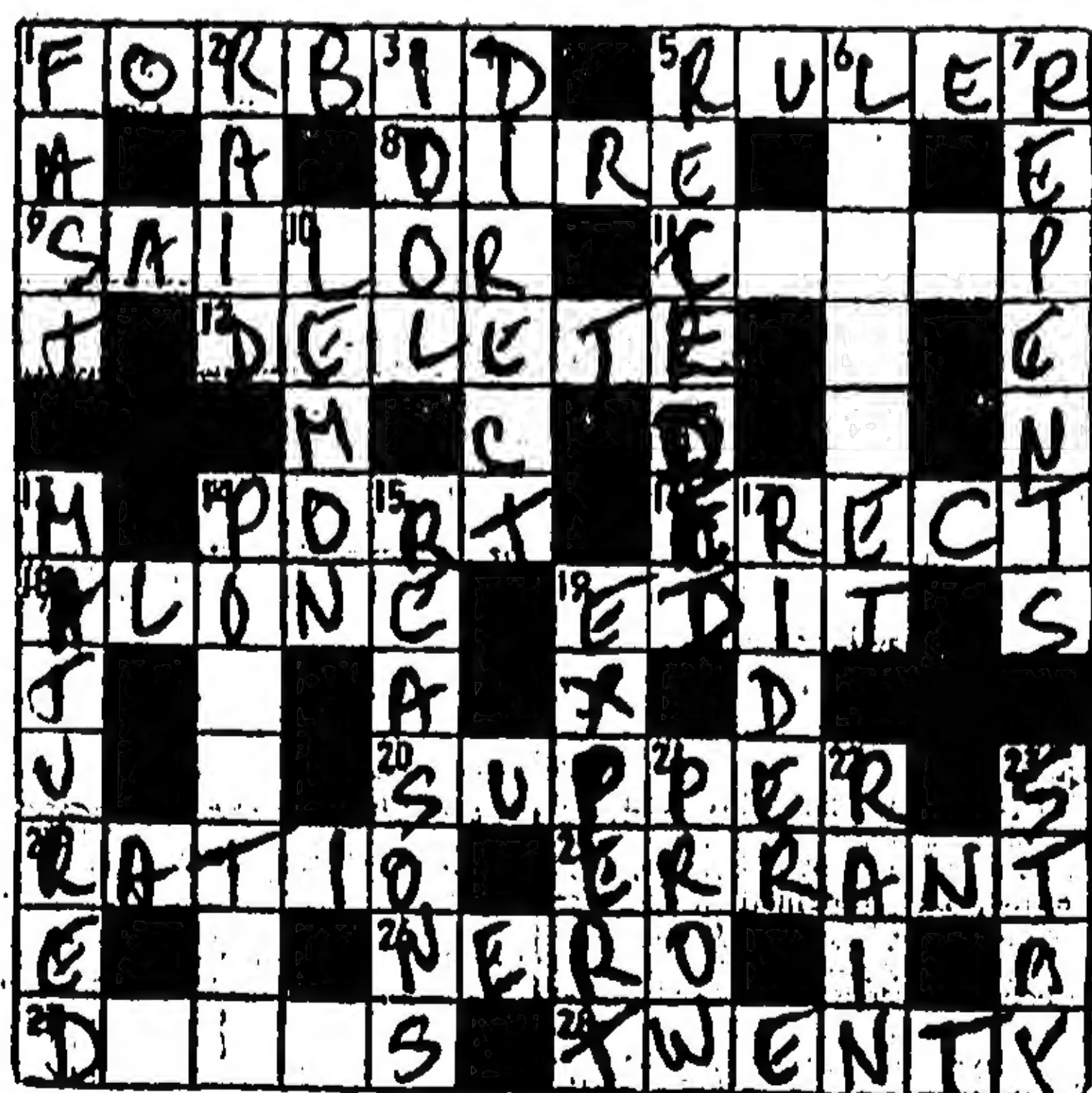
Paris, Sept. 3. A group of young cave explorers of the Speleo Club of the Seine, in the French Department of France, has discovered a new grotto filled with prehistoric cave drawings. It is believed to be 20,000 years old, it was announced at Beziers today.

The grotto is situated in the Jaur Valley in the Languedoc mountain range and is "filled with prehistoric cave drawings."

They include representations of animals and much silhouettes engraved in the rock, as well as several mysterious designs.

The explorers also found another cavern with the remains of human bones and pottery. —France-Press.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



Across

- 1 Veto (6)
- 2 Governor (5)
- 3 Terrible (5)
- 4 Mariner (6)
- 5 Corp (5)
- 6 Rappings (6)
- 7 Wise (4)
- 8 Bait (5)
- 9 Soldier (6)
- 10 Precious (for press) (4)
- 11 Meal (6)
- 12 Proportion (6)
- 13 Wandering (6)
- 14 Tyrannical Emperor (4)
- 15 Captivity (5)
- 16 Secret (6)

Down

- 1 Swift (4)
- 2 Incursion (6)
- 3 Object of worship (4)
- 4 Straightforward (6)
- 5 Withdraw (7)
- 6 Young hare (7)
- 7 Softens (7)
- 8 Fruit (5)
- 9 Ripened (7)
- 10 Motives (7)
- 11 Equestrian (6)
- 12 Rightful (6)
- 13 Forepart of a ship (4)
- 14 Shower (4)
- 15 Remains (4)

**YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD**—Across: 1. Trait, 4. Lancer, 5. Poplar, 10. Tonic, 12. Desert, 14. Contest, 17. Arts, 19. Fosters, 20. Matinee, 22. Elder, 23. Credit, 27. Rusted, 29. Arise, 30. Dilate, 31. Suffer, 32. Frame, 33. Down, 34. Topple, 35. Appen, 36. Trade, 38. Anne, 39. Centre, 7. Redoubt, 9. Respect, 11. Chafed, 12. Stereo, 16. Opal, 17. Twine, 18. Troop, 20. Modest, 21. Taint, 22. Soley, 25. Rouse, 26. Sings, 29. Bait.

## AMERICANS MODIFICATION OF LONDON PROPOSALS NOW ADVOCATED

Washington, Sept. 3. An increasing number of United States officials appear to advocate considerable modifications to the 18-nation agreement in favour of international management of the Suez Canal, as the French calls for a tough policy against Egypt.

Over the weekend most United States newspapers have generally given the impression that United States officials would be willing for any compromise provided management of the Canal was taken out of Egyptian politics and at the same time have stated the displeasure of State Department over France sending armed forces to Cyprus.

However, it is reported that neither the British nor the French governments have been told by State Department that the United States is anxious to modify the 18-nation proposals for management of the Canal which is now being discussed by the committee of five with President Abdel Gamal Nasser in Cairo.

### In Contrast

Further the reported disapproval of the State Department over sending French forces to Cyprus has not been conveyed to the Quai d'Orsay or to the French Embassy here and officials of the State Department have nothing to say on this subject.

The views of some officials in the State Department for a revision of the 18-nation proposal are in contrast to their views before the Suez crisis when they strongly urged Secretary of State John Foster Dulles to withhold financial aid for the Awan Dam. At that time Dulles was about the last official in the Department to give ground to that view.

There are also reports over the weekend that the United States is now favourable to taking the Suez problem to the United Nations in November, despite the fact that the Egyptian Government has concluded that the Egyptian viewpoint would receive the veto in the Security Council and would not be a necessary two-thirds majority in the Assembly.

### Significant

This is significant to the fact that some United States officials feel that the more the negotiations on the Suez are strung out the less fear there is that Britain and France will embark on hostilities in the Suez Canal area.

## CHAPLIN'S BEST FILM



Charles Chaplin shown running through some shots of his latest film, "A King in New York", which he says is his funniest and best. It is expected to be released next spring.—Central Press Photo.

## Okinawa: Lesson In Foreign Relations

Tokyo, Sept. 3. Some American military officials here believe the US should look toward Okinawa to get some ideas about foreign relations and the US foreign aid programme. On Okinawa US officials recently have run into "Go home Yank" sentiment.

Considerable opposition came from students at the University of the Ryukyus. This was the first university the islanders ever had. It was given them by the American administration and supported by American aid and donations.

It surprised and actually hurt the feelings of Americans on Okinawa when they saw how little all they had done was appreciated. So they decided to halt support of the university until the anti-American and pro-Communist students and teachers had been ousted.

### Got Action

They got action. The professors promised to get things straightened out quickly. When Americans didn't turn the other cheek—and when the Americans cut off the flow of dollars—the local people changed their tune in a hurry.

Here in Tokyo some high American officials think this is a good lesson to be taken to heart by Americans as well as by Okinawans. They believe it shows that the best policy is to "take care of our friends and cut off those who say they don't like us."

There have been other incidents on Okinawa which some top American military officials here believe were handled in a way that could serve as a guide elsewhere around the world.

### Exaggerated

Some of the local people complained about the behaviour of the American troops. Anti-American stories were published in the local press—stories which US officials claim were highly exaggerated.

There appeared to be an organized drive against the presence of American troops.

So, the local US commanders put some of the areas of the island "off limits" to American GIs.

This meant the troops could not go into shops, could not spend money, could not con-

## Ike's Gratifying Labour Day Report

Washington, Sept. 3. President Eisenhower issued a "personally gratifying" Labour Day report today pointing to "the progress of the working men and women in America" under his administration.

The report was made to the President by Secretary of Labour James P. Mitchell. It listed seven congressional acts benefiting workers, which were passed since January, 1953, and recommended a number of state laws enacted after approval by Mr. Eisenhower.

In addition the report emphasized the economic gains since January, 1953.

## BLUSTERING & BRINKMANSHIP

## Stevenson Accuses Dulles Of Trying To Take Credit

Pontiac, Sept. 3. Mr Adlai Stevenson said today that it was the "courageous" working class abroad and not "the blustering and brinkmanship" of John Foster Dulles that brought about recent changes in Kremlin policy.

The Democratic presidential candidate, in a prepared Labour Day speech here, was referring to the Republican Secretary of State's remark that three times the nation had been on the brink of war but had been saved by Republican foreign policy.

Mr Stevenson said no group of individuals was more "hated" by the communists than the leaders of the free trade union movement in Europe. He said the East German uprising in 1953 and later the uprising in Poland began as strikes.

### Wrath Of Injustice

"Workers armed only with the wrath of injustice stood up to tanks and armed troops," said Mr Stevenson. "It was incidents such as these which have helped bring about the recent changes in Communist policy. It was not the blustering and brinkmanship of John Foster Dulles."

The Democratic candidate criticised Mr Dulles for opposing an international convention against the use of slave labour. He said this was a "golden opportunity" for the United States to take "moral leadership" but that Mr Dulles opposed it because Senator John Bricker (Republican, Ohio) did not approve of international conventions.

Only when Senate Democrats "took charge and demanded" that the US take a stand against slave labour did Mr Dulles say he would oppose "some, but not all, kinds of slave labour," Mr Stevenson said.

### Stood Idly By

"When the chips were down, evidently Republican Party harmony was more important than the plight of those labouring in slavery to communism," he said.

Mr Stevenson said President Eisenhower "stood idly by" through the "whole hypocritical performance."

Mr Stevenson also accused the Eisenhower administration

of betraying a "cynical pledge" to liberate freedom-loving persons behind the Iron Curtain. He said Mr Dulles drafted the "liberation" plank in the 1952 Republican platform.

"But of course they haven't liberated anyone," said Mr Stevenson. "And I am sure they wish the public would forget this cynical pledge, which has been so thoroughly betrayed. I notice that is conspicuously absent from the 1956 Republican platform."

In Milwaukee, Mr Harry S. Truman, former President of the United States said that the Eisenhower Administration was "dominated by the money changers."

Mr Truman, speaking at a Labour Day meeting of 150,000 members, accused the Administration of working against the interests of labour and said that it had a "very bad record" on keeping its promises to the people.

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## BATON CHARGE

PARIS, Sept. 3. The Pakistani police today used a light baton charge to disperse a crowd of some 5,000 villagers most of them women carrying babies, who surrounded the district magistrate's office and court in Dacca demanding food.

Five persons were slightly injured. Later, the demonstrators were given rice and powdered milk and sent home by truck.

The villagers had come on foot to the demonstration from their homes some 12 to 20 miles from Dacca.—France-Press.

## Miners Strike Over Sunday Shift Work

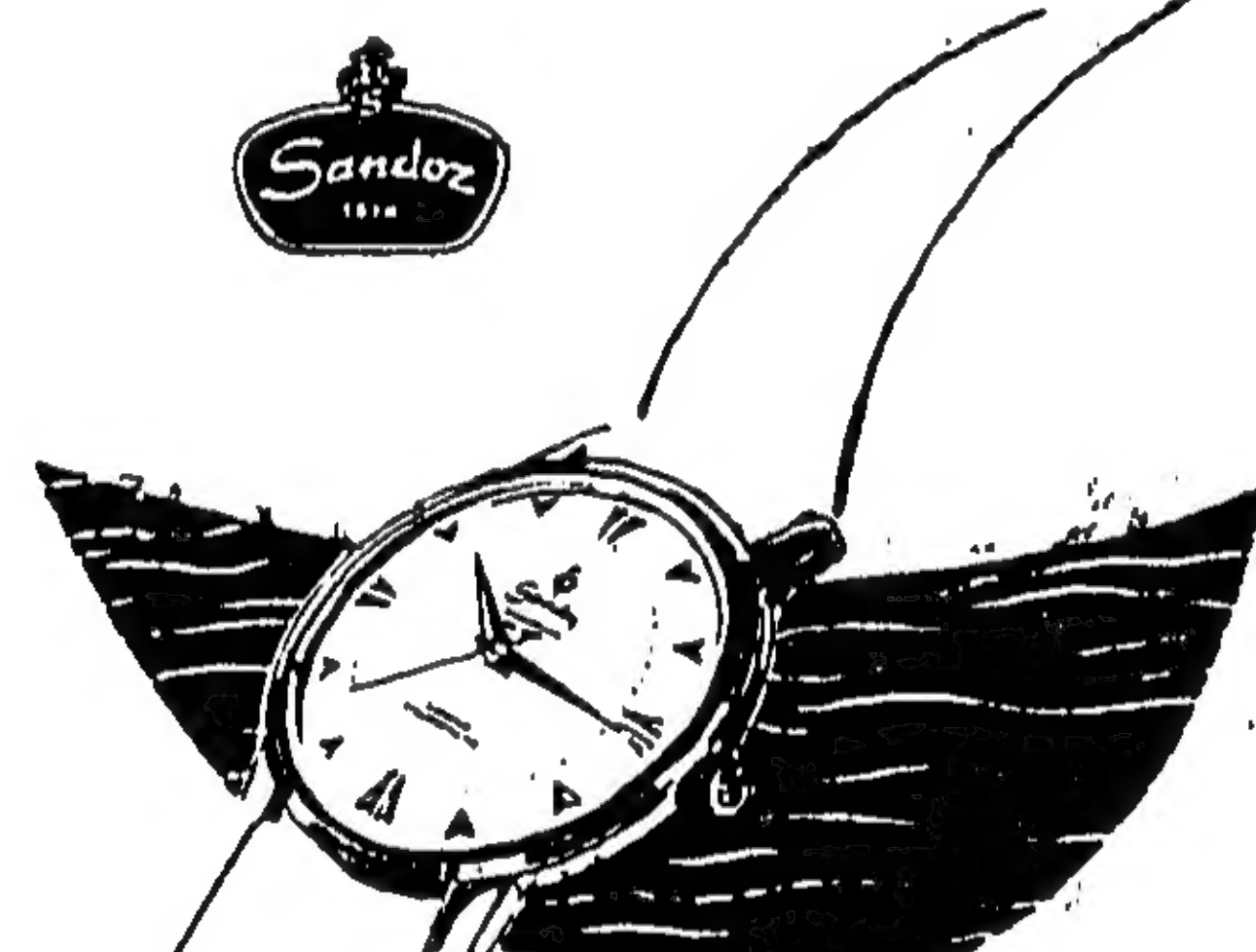
Ritwe, Sept. 3. African workers in Nkana copper mine struck work yesterday to try and enforce claims that Sunday shifts should be reduced to four hours. At present the shift is an eight-hour duty.

African workers at Roan Antelope are also on strike. The walkout was called by the Northern Rhodesian African Mineworkers Union as a protest when management refused to meet a union deputation to discuss matters while the union's overtime ban was in progress.

The ban on overtime throughout the copper belt started on August 28 and followed a series of protest strikes against raising certain categories of workers to staff status.

A mine spokesman said it was doubtful whether the strikers would return to work today or tomorrow.

In the meantime, late yesterday work was progressing on raising ore and about half of mill crushing plant was running. The smelter was in operation.—China Mail Special.



WORLD'S THINNEST WATERPROOF WATCH

SHIRO SHIRO SHIRO



The H.K. Anti-Tuberculosis Association

## FLAG DAY

Saturday, 8th September, 1956.

(7 a.m. to 12 noon)

PLEASE GIVE GENEROUSLY



## Just look what the Arabs have done to Giles

He's been  
Nasserised  
—like  
the Canal

From FRANK GOLDSWORTHY

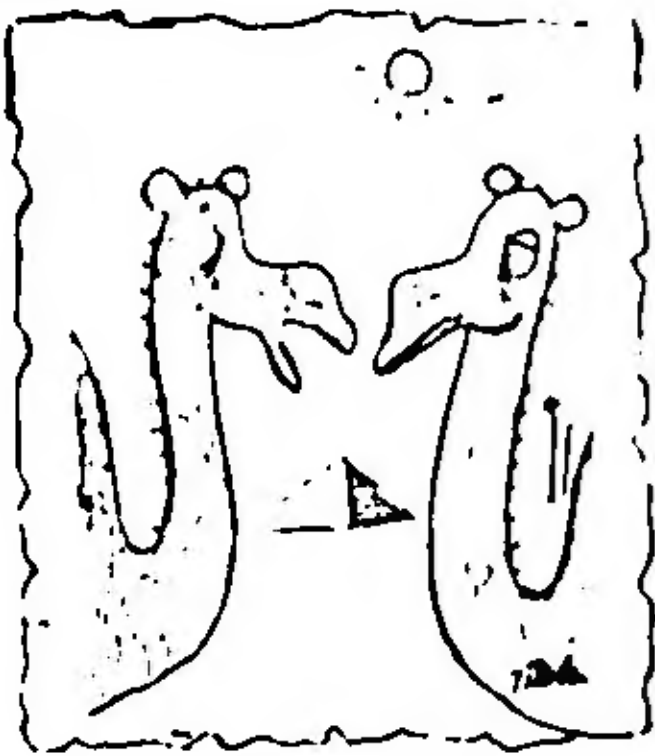
Amman, Jordan. ENGLISH cartoons on the Suez situation — reprinted without acknowledgment and captioned with a pro-Nasser slant — are going down big with the Arabs.

The cartoons, by Giles and Osbert Lancaster, have been appearing in Ad Difa'au, which is published in the Jordanian sector of Jerusalem.

Giles has been too much to swallow whole. One of his cartoons appeared in two sections on succeeding days. And in that Lancaster cartoon of Maudie Littlehampton and her husband hurrying past a sandwichboard reading "The end of the world is at hand," Maudie — according to the Arabic caption — was strictly in line with the paper's political line in saying: "Have I not been saying what a depressing affair this London Conference is?"

In some cases the Arab caption writer may have been making an honest attempt to translate an untranslatable English joke.

But quite cynical, surely, was the adaptation of this "Zany."



Originally the caption was: "Personally, the guy gives me the hump."

But in this land, where Nasser is number one pin-up boy, the caption read: "He has made me raise my head. I am proud of him."

REMEMBER this Giles cartoon? The original caption read: "I'll give you 'Good morning, Nasser' if I come over there."



A Jordan newspaper published only this part

And the new caption read: "Britain is still thinking about losing oil and making jokes about using animals for transport."

...AND OSBERT LANCASTER. TOO



CAPTION NO. 1: "Your poor uncle is dreadfully depressed — he keeps on referring to the Canal as some creek or other and says we are right up it without a paddle."

AS JORDANIANS saw it: "The morale of your whole is going down. He constantly repeats news of the Canal."

LANCASTER had dripping Maudie say as she grabbed the phone on August 9: "I think you'd better let me take it, dear — it may be M.I.5 wanting me back!"

JORDANIANS' version: "Are you needing even pensioners like him? Has the Suez Canal affair got on your nerves as much as that?"

## BRITAIN'S BLOODLESS REVOLUTION (3)—By JOHN MARSHALL

# HOPE IN THE CHURCH

More young faces are seen in the pews but the need is still for leadership

IS there a religious revival starting in Britain? My answer is No. It is a view supported by ministers of various denominations with whom I have talked. There are, however, hopeful signs of an increased interest in religion among young people.

Perhaps the best evidence of this trend—if a just perceptible movement can be called a trend—is in the universities. Meetings of the religious societies are drawing fine audiences, questioning groups of intelligent young men and girls.

A clerical friend of mine was surprised to find 300 students

at a recent meeting of a religious society in London.

There are two other portents for bigger and better congregations in the future: (1) The increasing numbers of young people and children to be seen with their parents at Sunday morning services and (2) The number of young men who have come forward in the past year or two seeking to enter the Church of England.

Theological colleges are well booked up for 1956 (with 1,350 ordination candidates, a training), and, indeed, many would-be clergymen have been turned down.

It is to be hoped that, among the increasing number of young Britons who feel within them the call, there is a greater proportion of inspired and dominant personalities than the Church can count upon today.

For in this age of many distractions—not the least being the television on Sunday evening—a church which does not require the active participation demanded by other denominations can only hope to fill the pews with which to say it; a priest whose pastoral work constitutes real practical friendship with his parishioners, who makes of his church a happy and cheerful place.

Family worship should be a joyful experience, not a mournful rite.

No, I am not even hinting at a Billy Graham sort of technique.

### Faithful record

I HAVE no doubt of his sincerity, but I cannot help feeling that this sort of Bible-pounding (his public boys rejoice in the fact that he destroys eight a year) appeals largely to the limited-wits, the easily swayed and the already converted.

No, the sort of chap I have in mind is the late Peter Marshall. Many people here have seen that fine film, "A Man Called Peter."

A faithful record it is and the down-to-earth eloquence, power, and personal magnetism of this Scots minister, who wore a spotted tie in the pulpit and preached about a Christ who was a real, vivid, manly character, filled the fashionable, rather stuffy New York Avenue Church in Washington.

Only a few months ago I saw the congregation streaming out of the new church which has had to be built to cope with the crowds. It was packed to the doors; and it was a young, tremendously vital congregation.

Not long ago I went to a big parish church in the south of England. That was full, too, and the singing was singing, not sheepish mumbling.

Then, oh, dear... then came a sermon from a young man with the sort of rarefied accent beloved of radio comedians.

### General relief

EVEN the most devout let their heads down upon their chests. The young priest filled up his 15 minutes, then descended from the pulpit to the relief of all, including, surely, himself. The shuffling woke his flock. "Unfortunately, the vicar is away," someone said to me apologetically as we left.

And I suppose that in due course this fellow, worthy no doubt and doing his very best, will receive preferment and proceed to empty a church. And those who fail to attend because he is incapable of giving them any spiritual help will be labelled heathens.

Not that the adequacy of the preacher is the sole factor governing church attendance. Of course not. Enlightened, eloquent clerics (and I can vouch that there are some) find their greatest enemy is apathy.

### A trickle

I KNOW one vicar whose parish now includes some thickly populated new estates. In the depths of one forest of new council houses there is a brand new church. Here there are 40 baptisms each month, which means at least 200 adults entering the church monthly, most of them for the first time.

A good field for pastoral work, thought the vicar, and so did he curate the vicar's next baby arrives, the vicar told me sadly.

Sunday schools are thriving, but there is little doubt that the desire of parents for a bit of peace is a more than likely explanation of the large gatherings.

There is a perhaps surprising development I have come across more than once—the increasing

number of older people seeking confirmation.

In a provincial town I came across a confirmation class consisting of housewives and black-coated workers whose ages averaged something over 40.

To sum up—the trend is but a trickle, certainly not a surge, but it is in the right direction and it is gently fanning ultra-cautious optimism.

Now let us look at some other denominations. One claim by the Catholics must provoke some Anglican celebration. It is that their membership has increased by one-third since the war.

The Roman Catholic population in the United Kingdom is now placed at 4,388,531. Largely the increase is a natural one. I was told at Westminster Cathedral. The average Catholic family is three to four children and it is likely to remain high on account of the Church's implacable opposition to birth control.

### Other factors

OTHER factors are the increased Irish and Polish populations in Britain. Methodists have nothing very sensational to report. Their numbers remain almost precisely what they were in 1949—that is to say, 744,000 which is slightly but not significantly lower than the 1939 figure.

The Jewish population in Britain is smaller than many people imagine—450,000, of whom 280,000 are in Greater London. Children attend State schools, but go to their synagogues out of school hours, perhaps three times a week, for religious instruction. As a result many take Hebrew as a General Certificate of Education subject.

I had heard of a certain falling off in attendances among the adult members, but here again I was assured that the synagogues are as full as ever.

For what figures are worth, the Church of Scotland (Presbyterian) is said to be 1,250,000 strong, the Baptists claim 335,000, the Presbyterians 227,000, the Methodist Church in Wales 211,000, and the Society of Friends (Quakers) 20,000.

Tomorrow: The Two-Year Conception Gap

## NOTABLE NEW MILLIONAIRES

AMERICAN NEWS from JAMES COOPER

New York. FOUR people living in East 61st Street, New York's Harley Street, have become dollar millionaires.

They are the children of three of the four marriages of Mrs. Alice Astor Pleydell-Bouverie, who inherited the bulk of her fortune from her father, Colonel John Jacob Astor, when he went down in the Titanic.

But under the terms of her estimated \$9,000,000 will, her four husbands—all divorced—get nothing.

Those who do are Mr. Ivan Obolensky and Mrs. Sylvia Van Der Meer, the children of her marriage to Prince Serge Obolensky in 1924; Romana, the daughter of her marriage to Austrian author Reinhold von Hofmannstahl in 1933, and 14-year-old Emily, daughter of her marriage to a British journalist, Philip Harding.

Romana and her half-sister Emily lived with their mother up to her death, at 84, in July.

Her son Ivan lived next door and Sylvia further along the road.

EVANGELIST Billy Graham explains his biggest worry: New York's teenage gangs. He says: "Two prayed more for New York than any other city in the world."

DR. SAM SHEPPARD, aged 32, who is serving a life sentence for the murder of his wife Marilyn, has asked the U.S. Supreme Court to reverse the conviction, on the grounds that publicity denied him a fair trial.

His lawyer alleged it had been a "trial by newspaper." Radio and TV too had influenced judge and jury, he said.

Dr. Shepard was accused of bludgeoning his wife to death because she objected to his affairs with other women.

CUT COSTS, the Government told all its agencies as hopes of a tax cut next year

begin to fade. The budget surplus is expected to be only \$700 million.

STILL trying to lure more passengers New York's public transport system is experimenting with air-conditioned buses, costing \$25,000 each. If a success, 100 of them will be ordered.

VIRGINIA JASPERS, 33-year-old baby's nurse, who is 6ft. tall and weighs 17st. 12lb., confessed to police in New Haven, Connecticut: "Children sometimes get on my nerves."

Her confession follows the death of an 11-day-old girl. She admitted she shook the child violently when she refused to take her feed. Police are checking her story that three other babies she rough-handled had died.

DEMANDED for conviction: A Bill of Rights. The American Correctional Association says the Bill should include the right to decent surroundings.

The recent slight relaxation of the Communist Party's grip has led to discussion in the Soviet Union about multi-party democracy, but a glance at the Soviet Press shows that the Party is determined to defend its monopoly.

## RUSSIAN REDS FIGHT URGE FOR OTHER PARTIES

By WALTER KOLARZ

A GLANCE at the Soviet press shows that the Soviet Communist Party is now busy defending its political monopoly against those who have challenged it. It is, in fact, very much on the defensive.

Pravda, the newspaper which sets the tone, time and again finds itself compelled to make the point that for fundamental ideological and sociological reasons only one party could exist in Soviet Russia. This statement was elaborated at some length in a Pravda editorial of July 6, 1956.

Pravda Ukrainy went on, must be resisted.

This was not a vague, general statement, but referred to incidents in the Western Ukrainian town of Stanislav. A discussion took place there recently among Party propagandists, who, according to the paper, made "incorrect and harmful statements" without being called to order by the Provincial Secretary of the Communist Party, who was present at the meeting.

It seems relevant that Stanislav is in former Polish territory and the local Communists are therefore particularly responsive to events in the neighbouring Poland.

### A Question

One significant feature of recent developments in Poland which must attract their special attention is the stress which official Polish Communist propaganda has suddenly put on non-Communist parties and groups.

The question that is likely to be asked soon, therefore, is why non-Communist parties could not exist in Russia if they are allowed in the satellites. This is a problem which seems to occupy the minds of Soviet critics not only in border territories.

Pravda referred to it in its latest defence of the Communist Party monopoly without, however, giving a satisfactory explanation of this contradictory state of affairs. It merely underlines the fact that in other Socialist countries, non-Communist parties could participate in the Government "under certain historical conditions," provided the Marxists maintain their leading role, but in Russia itself this could not be the case.

The present situation in the Soviet Communist Party demands a clearing up of the existing ideological confusion. The Party hierarchy hopes to achieve this through the refresher courses, seminars and evening classes in Marxism-Leninism which are due to start their activities shortly.

The new wave of indoctrination descending on the Party rank and file is aimed at suppressing anti-Party moods which have cropped up here and there, and at carrying further the de-Stalinisation process in the ideological field.

### "Mistakes"

The editorial in the latest issue of Party Life, an organ of the Soviet Communist Central Committee, indicates, however, that the recent upheavals in the Party throw a shadow even on the forthcoming indoctrination campaign. The participants will have practically no text-books at their disposal on the (alleged) "mistakes" of the Communist Party, which have such a decisive say in the Soviet Communist Party.

However, the population of the Soviet Union is not only split vertically into social and ideological categories, but also horizontally into various ethnic groups. Here, too, there would be much scope for a multi-party system, even if it did sound expression in the existence of national Communist parties.

Anti-Party

Whether the dogma about the monopoly of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union is questioned or exactly the lines we have indicated cannot, of course, be determined with certainty. But that it is questioned is not only confirmed by the recent, apologetic treatment of the "mistakes" of the Party, but also by the repeated public references to the so-called "anti-Party frame of mind" among Party members.

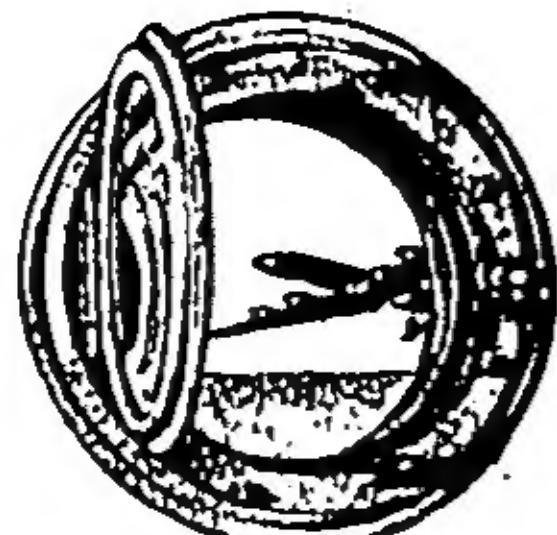
The last complaint to that effect was contained in an article in Pravda Ukrainy, the central organ of the Ukrainian Communist Party, published on July 31. This article spoke of "rotten anti-Communist propaganda" penetrating the Soviet Union and exercising "harmful influence on certain backward Soviet people". From the context it was clear that such backward people were included even in the Communist Party for the article said that a Communist had no right to be silent if views were expressed at Party meetings which had nothing in common with the Party's policy. Every attempt at anti-Party criticism

POCKET CARTOON by OSBERT LANCASTER



"What I'd like to know is what old Don's shoes are doing in the shoes of the old Don's shoes?"

Reliability...

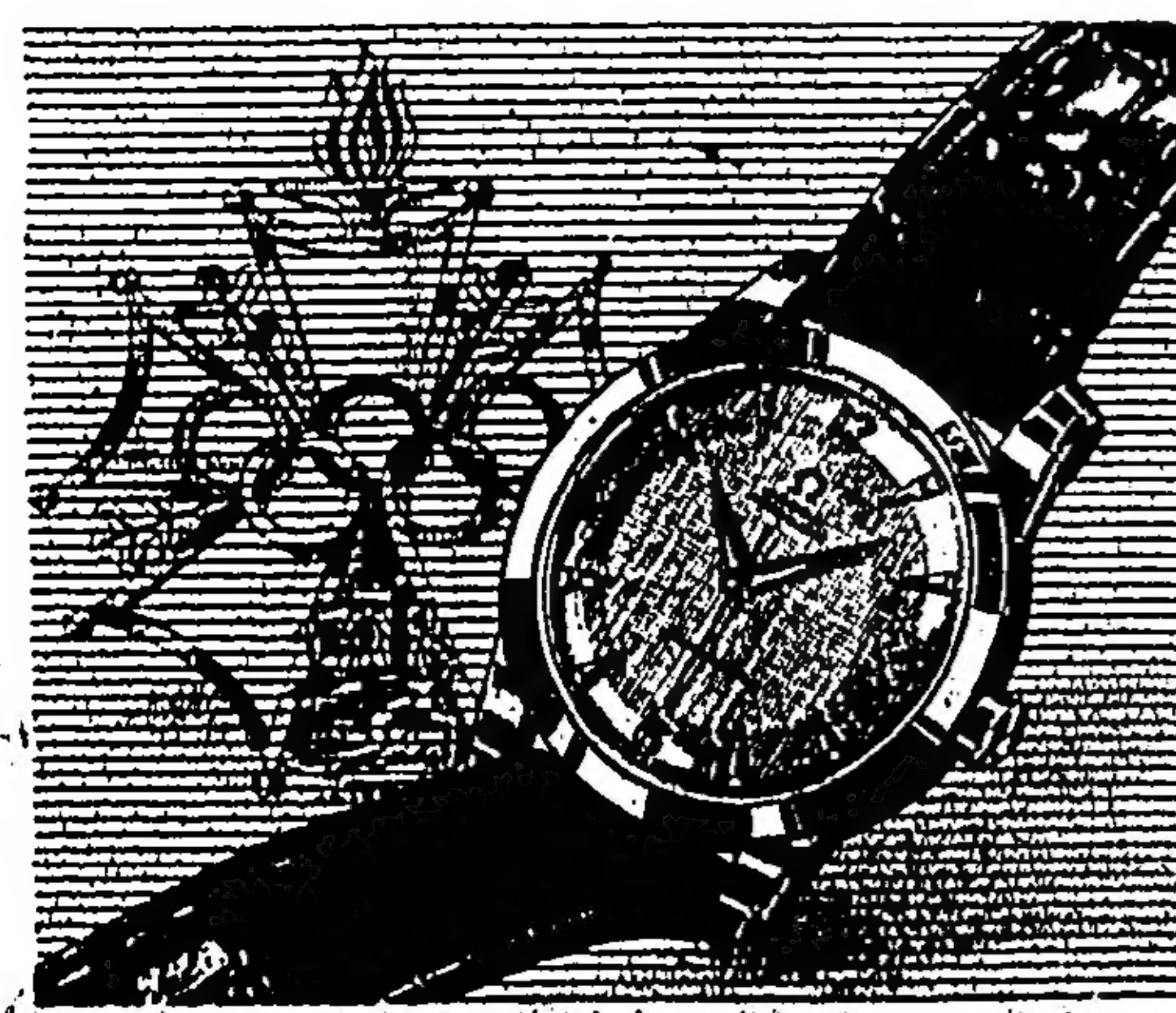


...that's rugged for your roughest, toughest days

That's the kind of service the British Government wanted. They wanted a watch that could stand the steaming heat of tropical jungles... the freezing cold of arctic storms... the gritty dust of desert winds.

They wanted a super watch! Omega made it.

Impartial scientific tests prove that the Omega was—and is—all the British Government demanded. That is why the British Government has selected Omega as Official Suppliers to the Navy, Army and Air Force.



Olympic Games. For 20 years Official Olympic Timekeepers, Omega will time the Olympics again in Melbourne in 1956

- Self-winding,
- waterproof,
- dust-proof,
- anti-magnetic,
- shock-protected.

OMEGA Seamaster

The watch the world has learned to trust. Société Suisse Pour l'Industrie Horlogère S.A. GENEVE, Switzerland.

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# Jimmy Meadows Not Expected To Play Football Again

Says ARCHIE QUICK

"Spare a thought for Jimmy Meadows, of Manchester City, the unluckiest player in football. He would have been England's right-back for years if he had not broken his leg in the Cup Final last year." Who said that? Jeff Hall, of Birmingham City — England's right-back. A most sporting remark from a man who won his place in the national side through Meadows' misfortune and who has kept it on merit.

Meadows, in addition to suffering the injury which indirectly led to his side's Cup Final defeat against Newcastle United in May, 1955, is not expected to play soccer again. This ex-Army player was all set for the Football Association's Continental tour too. His future seemed assured.

Another bad luck story is that of Derek Upton, the Charlton Athletic centre-half, who played for England against the Rest of Europe at Wembley in 1954 and as also Godfrey Evans' deputy as Kent wicketkeeper, was played specially against Leeds United at left-half to mark the mighty John Charles operating at right-half. Upton had not played a game of football previously this season. Less than two minutes after the start he went into a tackle with Charles and fell writhing to the ground. He has long played with a wrenched left shoulder, but this time it was the right shoulder which was badly damaged. I have never seen a player in greater agony. Doctors now frown when you speak of Upton's future. It looks very much like the end of the road for this likable, and still young player.

## NOT REALLY FIT

Manager Jimmy Seed is full of self-condemnation over the affair. "I should have played him without practice," he told me. "Derek was not really fit to face a man like Charles, but he was only too pleased to help. Nevertheless, I should have known better at my time of life." Derek absolutely Charles from all time. "It was my fault," he said. "I was late with my tackle, unbalanced and fell awkwardly."

The match did prove one thing though, if proof were needed, that John Charles is the greatest all-round footballer in Great Britain. Even in the First Division, for the first time, he is above the class of opposition he meets. He stroled through the Charlton game, yet was always the dominating figure, scored his side's two goals and came within a touch of a "hat-trick."

Vic Groves, the girl from Tarn, would surely win the "Queen of Athletic Beauty" award if Ru-in indulged in pin-up girls and bathing beauty competitions, instead of just dubbing them "Hermines of Sport."

Thus Estman, clerk who spends more time on the shores of Lake Pepus than in an office would put any Hollywood star to shame in her poise, figure and beauty, but in Russia she is just No. 2 javelin thrower with only a slender chance of making the Melbourne trip for the Olympic Games. Nevertheless she was No. 1 attraction when the Mayor of Brighton welcomed the party of Russian athletes in England to do battle at the White City, and she was the only Russian woman who would consent to get into her crack clothes and pose for the horde of press photographers.

A male hurdler and a male distance runner did the same thing. But the remaining members of the party could not be moved from a sixpence-in-the-slot football machine in the Brighton Stadn Pavilion. The sixpences were generously provided by reporters. The team coach told me that soft fruits, 3 short and chicken are the chief items of diet, rather than meat, although the heavy field men and a 10-stone woman weight putter tackled steaks.

The thoroughness of the Russians was emphasized by the

team manager's refusal to let Vladimir Kuts, make the day trip to Brighton. No sea air for him for fear of catching cold in that unusual environment was the reason why Kuts stayed in London, where the Russian's main joy is walking in Hyde Park rather than seeing the rest of the sights.

## COMPLETE ROUTINE

Vic Groves went through her complete routine of training, and I have seen nothing so strenuous for a woman as the physical training exercises in which she indulged. She kept them going, non-stop, for half an hour, and she was throwing big stones, instead of javelins, a distance that would not have disgraced any county cricketers.

The Russian manager had also been in England in the summer as an observer at the Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Championships. I asked him through an interpreter if Ru-in would be competing next year and his significant reply "No. I don't think so; perhaps in two or three years we have reached a standard by which we think we can win."

"Be admired or fired." That is the stringent tag new Arsenal team boss Jack Crayston has pinned on himself. He has a lot to live up to as tactical manager of the most famous football club in the world — club which has identified itself with a policy of no big spending.

Vic Groves and Stan Charlton were the last expensive players the club bought in the transfer market, and they appear to be in no hurry to speculate again. With a refreshing candour quite out of character with soccer managers Crayston says that he is only too well aware that Arsenal's strength at the moment is not good enough. "There are weak spots to be plugged," he said, "but it looks as though we shall have to do it through our reserves. I know what I want on the field after all these years with the club, but it is going to be a tough job getting it."

After saying that inside-forward Swallow is a possible England man of the future and that there is a great potential about wing-half Pettis, Crayston continued "but Pettis is a bit of a tiddler for a wing-half and I do not know if we have the talent in the second team to bring out the best in Swallow."

With equal frankness Jack made no excuses for Arsenal's defeat at Birmingham after they had led 2-0 with a quarter of an hour to go and then conceded three goals in six minutes. "We fell back on defence trying to hold what we had already got. It was against my instructions and fatal. No team should concentrate on defence when they are leading by two goals, but apart from the fact that it has never been the strategy of Arsenal to do so."

Wing-half Willis chimed in: "Yes, the forwards came back to help us, and we did not want them."

**NEGATIVE FOOTBALL**

I am afraid that that sort of negative football is being practised by too many clubs today

and is one of the reasons for driving away the long suffering spectators. There are exceptions who try to keep on the attack all the time — Portsmouth, for instance, but as Crayston so rightly points out "Much as I admire that style of play it never wins any honours in League or Cup. The same as bowlers win cricket matches so defenders win soccer games. If the other team does not score you cannot lose. That is an economic but lamentable fact."

It does not look as though Arsenal are going to do much buying, despite the big query there is against Vic Groves' future.

The story of Walsall Football Club is worth the telling. In the Midlands it is habitual for football fans to refer to that Black Country side in terms of derision or as a vehicle for their own particular train to garner in some cheap points and bonus.

It is true that most years Walsall have to go cap-in-hand to the League and apply for re-election. Indeed, last season was a notable occasion when they were spared the ordeal. But there is another side to it. All I refer to the tremendous flight the Walsall Board of Directors have put up over the post-war years, and the great loyalty of their supporters.

Last season, Swindon, Palace, Millwall and Watford finished below them, and that was the first time they had not been in the last two for five years! But the League have always re-elected them. Why? Chief reason has been an average "gate" season after season, of around 20,000 and few Third Division Clubs can boast of that.

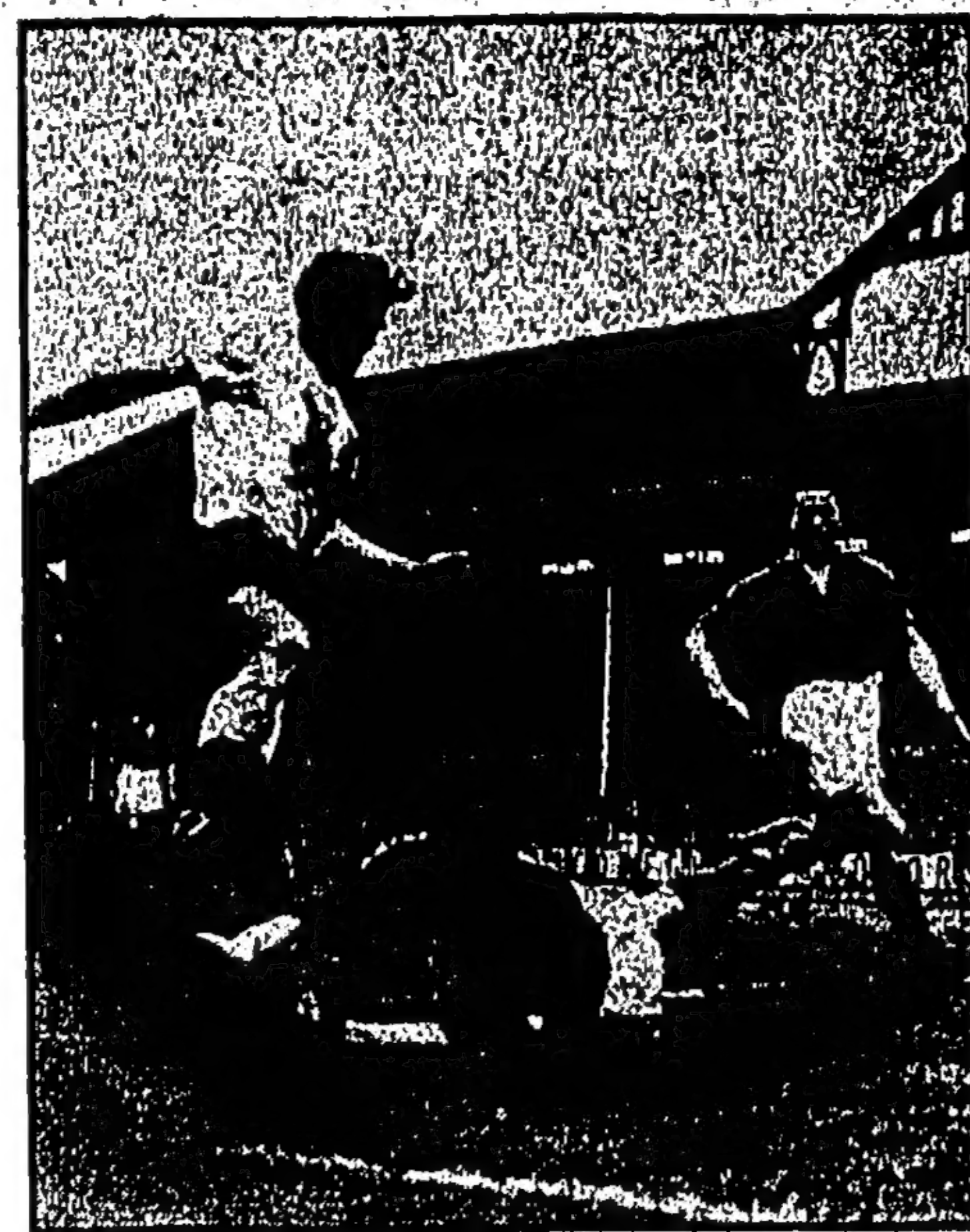
## FINE SPORTSMANSHIP

The Board of Directors are all local business men, optimists who dig deeply into their own pockets to pay for new players, and the wages of them all to keep the club going. Surely, that is fine sportsmanship.

Walsall directors use their private cars or pay their own railway fares to away games. To appreciate Walsall's position fully you must realise that this little borough is almost a suburb of Birmingham. It is in direct opposition to four First Division clubs, for not only are West Bromwich Albion, Aston Villa, Birmingham City and Wolverhampton Wanderers are only a bus ride away. In addition, the Reserve sides of these clubs in the Central League are just as attractive as Third Division football.

"We estimate that it has cost the Directors £20,000 of their own money to keep the club going in the ten seasons since the war," Manager Bill Love told me. "When people talk of our being thrown out of the League surely that loyalty to football should count for something. Peterborough and all these other non-League clubs are moving heaven and earth to get into the League. When they are struggling they will wish they were comfortable outside the League, Gillingham, Workington and Colchester are examples. They have had nothing but worry since they were elected."

## HAND IS FASTER



Hand beats foot as Leeds 'United' goalkeeper Wood takes the ball from right under the studs of Medwin, the Tottenham Hotspur outside-right, during the First Division match at White Hart Lane, London, on August 25.—Reuterphoto.

## Hornbeam Looks Best Each-Way Bet For The St. Leger

By RICHARD BAERLEIN

Lord Astor's Hornbeam ran a polished St Leger trial in the Voltigeur Sweepstakes. At the last callover he was a 10-1 chance and before that had been quoted at 100-8. Now he will join High Veldt and Talgo as the best backed of the English-trained candidates.

It was unfortunate that a slight knee injury prevented Talgo taking on Hornbeam at York.

It would be easy to over-estimate the value of Hornbeam's victory if one took a line through those whom he defeated, to feel the latest form as being the best but, as I have pointed out, this was hardly form at all on the part of Hornbeam.

However, he did prove that he has made physical progress since he last ran, which was at Royal Ascot. He needed the race to tune him up and he will be a better horse than ever he has been in the past when he arrives at Doncaster.

There had been a plan to run him in the Doncaster Cup because that race will take a little winning this year but, following his fine victory at York, his owner has no alternative but to run him in the French challenge.

There is no doubt that Hornbeam possesses unlimited stamina but he is a colt who must have a long run-in to produce his best form. It was the short run-in and nothing else which caused his defeat at Ascot.

In another 100 yards he would have defeated Court Command quite comfortably but in another quarter-mile, would have won by many lengths. If the Derby had been based at Newmarket instead of Epsom I think Hornbeam would have been the winner.

He is a colt who will make special appeal to the Americans because he combines the two British strains — which the Americans most seek — Hyperion and Marabout. Hyperion is now 26 years old and, even at his great age, is more strongly represented in the St Leger than any other sire, for in addition to Hornbeam, the Queen's colt, High Veldt, represents him.

**WILL SUIT HIM**

Every time Hornbeam has raced on a galloping course this season he has been successful and for this reason Doncaster will suit him ideally. Although he is sure to come down in price, at next call-over, he still makes more appeal than any other candidate in the St Leger as an each-way proposition.

There are no ifs and buts about this colt. He can make all the running or come from behind. High Veldt has not actually accomplished any particular feat this season and he is being backed on what he has done when running behind good horses.

The King George VI and Queen Elizabeth Stakes at Ascot could prove a very deceptive race on which to assess any horse's form for nobody knows just how much Ribot had in hand.

Hornbeam appears to me to be a sounder proposition altogether — and he has much more of a classic pedigree than the very good-looking but greatly inferior Ribot. Derby winner Talgo, who was walking round at York, was walking round at York.

(London Express/Reuter)

## ONE BIG DRAWBACK

# Watch Those Floodlights — They're Not Quite Good Enough

Says BERT TRAUTMANN

London.

One of the biggest bores to Soccer attendances has been the early kick-off in the deep winter months. With Soccer fighting so hard to recapture its missing millions it seemed the Football League had gone a long way to offsetting the menace of the early kick-off when they decided that this season League matches could be played under flood-lighting.

Many clubs will probably take advantage of this new ruling during the coming winter to standardise their Saturday kick-off time at, say, three o'clock, and play the closing stages of their games under the lights.

The League's ruling has everything to commend it, but in practice I believe it is going to have one big drawback — the lights themselves.

## LOTTERY OR SKILL

I believe floodlighting is an essential part of Soccer progress, but there will have to be a big all-round improvement in the lights on many of our football grounds if League matches are not to become more of a lottery than a game of skill.

For it is one thing playing friendly games under lights — in which the result is of secondary importance — and another playing a League match in which vital issues of promotion or relegation may be at stake.

I have played on several grounds in floodlit games and on none of them has the lighting been good enough to eliminate the danger of elementary mistakes of judgment which would not be made in ordinary daylight.

Especially is the goalkeeper at the mercy of the standard of the floodlighting. Frequently I have lost sight of a lofted centre, or have been dazzled by the glare of the lamps when trying to follow a corner-kick.

Another hazard facing the goalkeeper is that the ball gives the illusion of travelling much faster than it actually is. This must affect a goalkeeper's timing in making a diving save. Do you wonder, then, why I say that substandard lighting can make a lottery of League matches?

I would like to make a forecast that in the early League games played under floodlighting we are going to see some queer results.

A team may have the match in the bag until the lights are switched on, then suddenly find itself struggling because of simple errors of judgment. But if floodlighting has come to stay what is the answer?

## PERFECT

I have not had the pleasure of playing under the 2,200 lights on Sheffield Wednesday's ground, but I am told they are the best of any League ground in the country. I do know, however, that it is possible to reproduce perfect playing conditions under artificial light.

For this I have the words of my good friend Stan Pearson, former England and Manchester United inside-left, now giving such grand service to Bury. Stan was a member of the Manchester United touring team in America five years ago when several games were played under floodlights.

He tells me the lighting was so good that it was not possible to cast a shadow on the playing pitch, and that by comparison playing under the lights, over here was like playing in semi-darkness.

Obviously, such costly installations are going to be beyond the budgets of many of our clubs for some time, but if Soccer is to keep pace with the rest of the entertainment world they must come high on the priority list. Until then, I feel floodlighting in League games could well prove a mixed blessing to both clubs and players.

## AN EXPERIENCE

I had one of those little experiences the other week which make English club football the

## Sports Diary

**TODAY**  
Tennis: Championships matches at Wimbledon.  
Knock-out final, South China v Hoi Tin, at Victoria Pool, 5.30 p.m.  
Rugby: First meeting rugby referees at HKFC, 7 p.m.  
Hockey: Grenville Hockey Club meeting at Cafe Wiseman, 8.30 p.m.  
**TOMORROW**  
Swimming: Annual Swimming Gala of 8 C.O.P. at Victoria Pool, 4.30 p.m.  
Junior Championship Springboard fancy diving at HKFC, 8 p.m.  
LRC Tennis Championship: Colony Ladies' Doubles, Colony Mixed Doubles, Club Ladies' Singles, Club Ladies' (Handicap) and Club Men's Doubles.  
Olympics: Deadline for entries for Olympic Games at Melbourne.

What's best in Kowloon?



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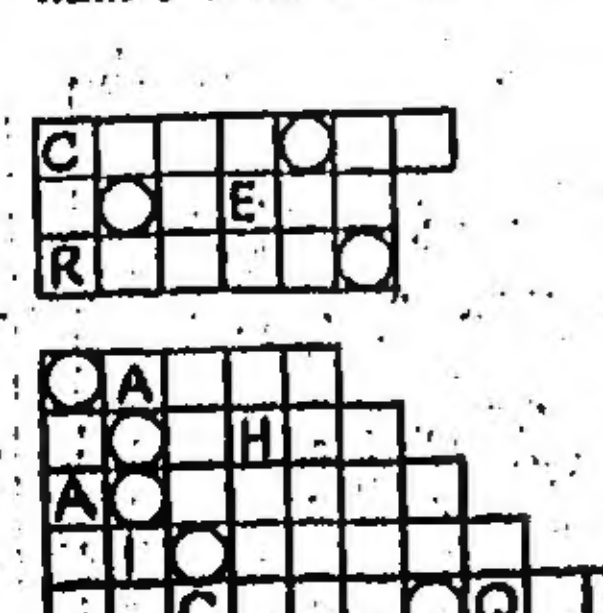
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## NAMESAKES

INSTRUCTIONS: Fill in the spaces against each of the clues below with words related to my life. The letters in circles spell out my name. Who am I?



Solution Page 9

## BE SPECIFIC

FLY CATHAY PACIFIC



FLIGHTS WEEKLY TO SINGAPORE

## Pakistan Soccer Team In Singapore

Singapore, Sept. 4: The Pakistan National soccer team arrived in Singapore yesterday by air from Colombo to play four exhibition matches against local teams.

The Pakistanis, led by Squadron Leader M. M. Sadi, will open their tour against the Indo-Malaya selection on Wednesday. On Saturday they will play a Sino-Malay team and on Sunday, a Singapore eleven. The visitors will play their farewell game on September 12, against a Combined Singapore team.—Reuter.



# CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG  
PUBLISHED DAILY  
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### Proposal to change a Ship's name

I, Allister George Hughes of  
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ownership and transfer of  
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I have applied to the Minis-  
ter of Transport and Civil  
Aviation under Section 47 of  
the Merchant Shipping Act,  
1891, in respect of the steam-  
ship "INDIAN IMPORTER"  
Official Number 161119, Gross  
tonnage 5191.15 tons, Register  
tonnage 3229.97 tons, hereto-  
fore owned by India Steam-  
ship Company Limited of  
Calcutta for permission to  
change her name to "SOUTH  
BIRCH" and to have her  
registered in the new name  
at the Port of HONG KONG  
as owned by Birch Steamship  
Company Limited.

Any objection to the pro-  
posed change of name must be  
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SHIPPING at HONG KONG  
within SEVEN days from the  
appearance of this  
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Co., Ltd. godown where it will be  
at consignee's risk and subject to  
the wharf's terms and conditions of  
storage, and where delivery may be  
obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left  
in the godown for examination by  
consignees and the company's re-  
sponsibility is terminated at 10 a.m. on Thursday, 6th September,  
1956, when the cargo is re-  
packed at 10 a.m. on Thursday, 6th September,  
1956, consignees representatives are  
requested to be present during  
survey.

No claims will be admitted after  
the 10th September, 1956, and all  
claims remaining undelivered  
after the 10th September, 1956, will  
be subject to 50%.

All claims against the vessel must  
be presented to the undersigned on or  
before the 1st October, 1956, or  
they may not be recognized.

No fire insurance will be effected.

CIE DES MESSAGERIES  
MARITIMES  
Hongkong, 4th September, 1956.

# STUDENT LEADER INVITED TO MOSCOW

## Mexican Who Led Strike Of 26,000 Pupils

Mexico City, Sept. 3.

A 35-year-old medical student who recently led a strike which closed the National Polytechnic Institute and spread to other schools throughout Mexico has been invited by the Moscow Communist youth organisation to tour the Soviet Union, Poland and Czechoslovakia as their guest. He is Nicandro Mendoza, president of the Confederation of Technical Students.

During the students' strike, which lasted for two and a half months, Mendoza never admitted his political affiliations. Since he had left Mexico for his European tour, observers have been surveying the Communist Party situation in the country.

They found that party prestige has been declining steadily since the days when Moscow-trained Vicente Lombardo Toledano's Confederation of Mexican Workers spearheaded the nationalisation of the oil industry.

## Trounced

During the administration of former President Miguel Aleman, Lombardo Toledano was soundly trounced in union elections and his Popular Party has had little influence.

Mexican Communists, staunchly Stalinist as a result of the anti-Trusty campaigns which culminated in the assassination of the founder of the Red Army here, were stunned by the new Moscow line. The party here is plainly facing the alternative of receiving a blood transfusion or dying of anaemia.

The Communists attach great importance to the National Polytechnic Institute. From its 20,000 students come many leaders of government and industry who are the planners and architects of Mexico's future.

The overcrowded Polytechnic Institute, which was built to accommodate 15,000 students, has no entrance examinations and no screening of students. Students come from Mexico's poorest class but many are ambitious. One out of every five receives about a dollar a day for subsistence and many get dormitory accommodation and meals at Government expense.

## Unfamiliar

Observers unfamiliar with Mexico believe that the Government should have been able to control the recent disorders by merely cutting off the free meals and dormitory accommodation which continued to be available during the strike. However, this would have been contrary to the traditions of "academic freedom" and no official ever suggested it.

When Mendoza called on the National Polytechnic's 26,000 students last April, he demanded the resignation of the School Director, Dr. Hernandez Corso, construction of more classrooms, laboratories, dormitories, air-conditioned buses for student excursions, two dollars a day subsistence for all students and additional spending money for Sundays plus a Christmas bonus.

## Investigation

To back up the demands, strong-arm squads took possession of the buildings, barred the entrances to the camps, molested professors in their homes and staged noisy downtown demonstrations.

When Dr. Corso offered to confer with the students, Mendoza replied that he would deal only with "competent authorities." The Minister of Education, Senor Jose Angel

Ceniceros, attempted to reach an agreement of several occasions but Mendoza only delivered an ultimatum: "Accept all terms or the strike continues."

Senor Licenciado Angel Carvajal, Minister of Interior, ordered an investigation of strike leaders and motives behind the movement.

During the proceedings he called on Mendoza and explained the damage being done to the school, faculty and students—not to mention public order by the prolonged strike. Mendoza was adamant: "All is nothing."

Finally the personal intervention of President Adolfo Ruiz Cortines brought the strike to an end.

The President received Mendoza and other strike leaders at his Las Flores office and paternally lectured them on the role of Polytechnic students in the future of Mexico. He agreed to accelerate improvements already planned for the school and to study other student demands.

Only then did Mendoza permit classrooms to reopen for the 26,000 youngsters studying to become technicians and engineers in Mexico's rapidly expanding industry.—China Mail Special.



## Nansen Medals Awarded

Geneva, Sept. 3.

Two Nansen Medals for outstanding work on behalf of refugees were awarded here today to Mrs Dorothy D. Houghton, well-known women's leader in the United States, and to the late Dr. G. J. van Heuven Goedhart, United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, who died on July 8.

Mrs Houghton received her medal in person and Mrs van Heuven Goedhart received the medal awarded posthumously to her husband.

Tributes were paid to the memory of Dr. van Heuven Goedhart and of Fridtjof Nansen, the Norwegian scientist and explorer who became first High Commissioner for Refugees in the League of Nations, after whom the medals were named.—China Mail Special.

The young Crown Prince Carl Gustaf of Sweden, like millions of youngsters the world over, is currently enjoying his summer holidays. Picture left shows him in a park on Oland Island, enjoying a sturgeon cooked over a campfire. Picture right shows him in cowboy suit as he takes a ride on his horse Basilio.—Express Photo.

## GULF OIL OBJECTS TO BILL

Rome, Sept. 3.

The Gulf Oil Company of Pittsburgh, United States, the first to find oil in commercial quantities in Italy, tonight threatened to cease all activities on the Italian mainland if the Senate rattles an oil bill passed by the Chamber of Deputies in July.

The threat was announced here tonight by Prince Nicolo Pignatelli Aragone, Italian representative of Gulf Oil.

Prince Pignatelli in a written statement said the new law was objectionable because it ignored the fifty-fifty principles applied in most other countries and because it imposed an unusual number of restrictions on the operations of foreign companies.—Reuter.

## RIVER FLOWS AGAIN

Calcutta, Sept. 3.

A gigantic blockade preventing the natural flow of the Lohit River in Tibet has been breached. It was announced officially in Shillong, Assam.

A like eight miles long and 800 feet wide had been formed by the obstruction, threatening Assam with a heavy flood.

A vast sheet of water is now flowing slowly through the wide breach without flooding the area and the river is becoming normal, the announcement said. Earlier this month several persons lost their lives in attempts to blow up the obstruction.—United Press.

## MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



## FERD'NAND



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# NO PETROL FOR BAD DRIVERS

## Idea Of US Road Safety Expert

San Francisco, Sept. 3.

Traffic safety engineers of California, where at least one person a day is killed on the highways, believe they have found three of the four solutions to fewer fatalities.

Highway deaths may be reduced by "engineering," "education," and "enforcement."

The missing factor is "selective driver screening." It may be years before its establishment.

These fundamentals of traffic safety have been established by the California State Division of Highways: the University of California Institute of Transportation and Traffic Engineering; and military officials charged with reducing the traffic toll among military personnel.

## CONCLUSIONS

The research efforts agree on these conclusions:

Good highways are safe highways so long as there are no engineering defects which can cause injury to a competent driver.

Traffic Engineer George M. Wobb of the Division of Highways reported that properly engineered highways are responsible for only five per cent of accidents. On these highways, 85 per cent of all accidents are caused by the driver.

Enforcement of existing traffic laws designed to protect the driver from himself is also necessary if the highway toll is to be reduced, the researchers decided.

California has 1,500 highway patrol officers to enforce the laws on 78,889 miles of state highways. These officers are split into three 24-hour shifts, with only 500 on duty at any given time except during emergencies.

This number is inadequate to perform the job of "frighening" the motorists into obeying the laws.

## PRACTICALLY NONE

Cities and towns also have the responsibility for enforcing traffic laws within their jurisdiction. Palo Alto where Stanford University is situated suffered from a plague of accidents.

Now the Palo Alto officers constantly patrol the city streets in patrol cars, make arrests at the least provocation. The frequency of accidents has decreased to the point where there are practically none at all.

Education, the third possible factor of the formula for reducing traffic injuries and fatalities, is being attempted on a broader scale.

Such education now starts in the primary schools with the students required to pass a police officer examination on the proper way to ride bicycles. The rules are fundamentally the same that automobile drivers are required to observe.

This educational programme is being financed by a special one dollar assessment on every traffic violator, whether he is guilty of running through a red light or is charged with speeding. Running into millions of dollars a year, the fund is administered by the State educational system.

## MAIN CAUSE

But with drivers themselves as the main cause of accidents, the most promising, and the least possible of attainment, is selective screening of applications for motor-vehicle driving licences.

Each operator of a motor vehicle is required to have a "driver's licence." This is obtained by passing an examination with a minimum 80 per cent grade on traffic laws, a visual test, and a driving test. Each licence must be renewed every four years.

But possession of a licence does not necessarily mean that an individual is competent to drive in the 60 mile an hour highway traffic while habitually crowded California's multi-lane highways.

## IMPOSSIBLE

In California there are approximately 8,775,000 registered motor vehicles. But the number of valid driver licences is about 300,000 less.

Safety advocates have suggested that unlicensed drivers, after being involved in accidents, should be eliminated from the road by requiring to present a valid licence before petrol could be purchased.

While the suggestion has validity in theory, it is impossible of practical application.

Oil companies would resent the fact that their service station attendants would have to serve as law enforcement officers. They would also resent the ill will that would be created by the refusal—and the resulting loss of sale.

## BOOTLEGGING

Moreover, the bootlegging of petrol to unqualified drivers would become "big business."

The highway authorities have agreed, after their lengthy research programme, that until selective screening of drivers, more adequate physical and psychological examinations are established, all other efforts to reduce highway fatalities will be only inefficient.—China Mail Special.

# Valiants On Final Tests

Melbourne, Sept. 3.  
Two Royal Air Force Valiant jet bombers today began final tests at Marlinga range for an atomic bomb drop about the middle of September.  
Task force commander Air Commodore Wells flew to Marlinga today to inspect the operational readiness.  
The main task force is still at Adelaide's Edinburgh airfield. It expects to leave for Marlinga on Wednesday or Thursday.—United Press.





## TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

## Expansion Programme May Be Delayed

Washington, Sept. 3. Business may be forced to delay part of a record \$35 billion expansion programme until next year because of the recent steel strike and shortages of some critical items, government sources said today.

They also said the tight money supply may make it necessary to delay some new plants, offices, hotels and equipment until 1957. They said they did not see higher interest rates as a major roadblock to business expansion yet.

The Commerce Department and Securities and Exchange Commission now are compiling the value of new factories, homes, offices, stores and other forms of construction to be "up" from July. In that case, construction was at an annual rate of \$44 billion despite the cutback in private home building. Government experts also do not expect businessmen to scale down their plans on what they would like to spend for new plant and equipment in the third quarter despite material shortages, higher prices and tight money.

## DIFFICULTY

But they said that when final figures are available for the third and fourth quarters of the year, they may show that business will have difficulty making good on its expansion plans.

One source said this may have the effect of "pushing some of it (expansion) over into next year."

These experts said that the sharp demand for material during most of the year was aggravated by the steel shutdown with the result that certain critical items are in very tight supply.

Other factors which may force a postponement of some expansion plans, they said, are higher prices and delayed deliveries.—United Press.

## London Lead And Copper

London, Sept. 3. Morning prices of copper, lead and zinc closed in sterling per long ton as follows:

Copper 3-month 304 1/2, 305 1/2, 306 1/2, 307 1/2, 308 1/2, 309 1/2, 310 1/2, 311 1/2, 312 1/2, 313 1/2, 314 1/2, 315 1/2, 316 1/2, 317 1/2, 318 1/2, 319 1/2, 320 1/2, 321 1/2, 322 1/2, 323 1/2, 324 1/2, 325 1/2, 326 1/2, 327 1/2, 328 1/2, 329 1/2, 330 1/2, 331 1/2, 332 1/2, 333 1/2, 334 1/2, 335 1/2, 336 1/2, 337 1/2, 338 1/2, 339 1/2, 340 1/2, 341 1/2, 342 1/2, 343 1/2, 344 1/2, 345 1/2, 346 1/2, 347 1/2, 348 1/2, 349 1/2, 350 1/2, 351 1/2, 352 1/2, 353 1/2, 354 1/2, 355 1/2, 356 1/2, 357 1/2, 358 1/2, 359 1/2, 360 1/2, 361 1/2, 362 1/2, 363 1/2, 364 1/2, 365 1/2, 366 1/2, 367 1/2, 368 1/2, 369 1/2, 370 1/2, 371 1/2, 372 1/2, 373 1/2, 374 1/2, 375 1/2, 376 1/2, 377 1/2, 378 1/2, 379 1/2, 380 1/2, 381 1/2, 382 1/2, 383 1/2, 384 1/2, 385 1/2, 386 1/2, 387 1/2, 388 1/2, 389 1/2, 390 1/2, 391 1/2, 392 1/2, 393 1/2, 394 1/2, 395 1/2, 396 1/2, 397 1/2, 398 1/2, 399 1/2, 400 1/2, 401 1/2, 402 1/2, 403 1/2, 404 1/2, 405 1/2, 406 1/2, 407 1/2, 408 1/2, 409 1/2, 410 1/2, 411 1/2, 412 1/2, 413 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TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1956.

## OUR AUSTRALIAN NEWSLETTER

### Federal Govt, State Premiers At Variance

FROM H. KING WOOD

Sydney, Aug. 24.

Australians are a trifle baffled and depressed following the breakdown of the talks between the Federal Government and the State Premiers at Canberra.

Called by the Federal Government in an attempt to control inflation, the State Premiers flatly refused to agree to the Federal Government's suggestion regarding a uniform wages policy. The Government asked the States to abandon the quarterly basic-wage adjustments.

Five of the six states were agreeable to fall into line with the Federal Government's ideas, provided price controls were instituted again, but the Federal Government would not agree to this at first, but later offered to assist the States.

Criticism of the Australian Government's spending particularly with regard to defence and migration, voiced by the NSW Premier, Mr. J. Cahill, was ignored by Sir Arthur Fadden.

There were certain features of the conference that were disturbing. One was the move by Sir Arthur Fadden to have the conference in camera, but the States objected to this.

The other was the last minute effort by Immigration Minister Mr. H. E. Holt to have the conference in camera, but the States objected to this.

There was also a move by Sir Arthur Fadden to have the conference in camera, but the States objected to this.

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## SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Can I cut your grass or weed your garden, Mrs. Howe? I'm working this vacation to keep from being a delinquent!"

### Quota System: MOB ATTACKS Official HK Figures

There were exactly 99 persons holding Chinese People's Government travel permits who entered the Colony by rail through Lantau yesterday, the first day of the re-imposition of the quota system for Chinese entering Hong Kong. At the same time there were 100 people holding similar permits who left the Colony.

According to figures released this morning by Mr. B. D. Trevor, General Manager, Kowloon-Canton Railway (British Section), persons holding Hong Kong residents' permits who returned yesterday from China by rail numbered 1,285 and those entering China numbered 1,598.

On Saturday, the day before the re-imposition of the quota system, there were 1,119 people, including 50 travelling with Chinese permits, who left the Colony, and 1,882, including 250 holding Chinese permits, who arrived.

The ban is menacing big areas of sheep country in northern New South Wales and Queensland, and ceases from time to time to South Australia. The ban is the European rabbit flea, believed by scientists to be capable of spreading myxomatosis to areas where mosquitoes have failed to make it an effective killer of rabbits.

The Australian Agricultural Council has agreed to endorse a quarantine to the Commonwealth Director of Quarantine for the introduction of all three insects into quarantine conditions, until research establishes whether they will control the pests and whether they would adversely affect Australian plants and animals.

75% AFFECTED  
Noagora burr has become so serious a pest that about 75 per cent of Queensland wool could be affected by it.

Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation experts believe the rabbit flea will transmit the most virulent strains of myxomatosis.

Tests will be made with the flea to ensure that it does not adversely affect native animals such as the koala.

The council turned down proposals to import live mink to establish fur farming industry in Australia.

A report to the council said the mink was a carnivorous animal and might attack Australian native birds, game and poultry.

So it looks as if Mum will have to wait a little longer for that mink coat.

BATHERS HAPPY  
Sydney surfers are breathing more freely now following the refusal of the New South Wales Mines Department to allow ruffing on the beaches around the Metropolitan area.

Last year more than £2m worth of minerals, mainly rutile and zircon, were extracted from New South Wales beaches, mostly on the north coast between Byron Bay and Tweed Heads.

Applications had been made for mining rights on beaches at Cronulla, Maroubra, Dee-why, Curl Curl, Palm Beach, Garie, Watomolla, and other beaches in the National Park area.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION OF HOGARTH CONTINUES

(Continued from Page 1)

Mr Blair-Kerr asked why, in that case, did he mention the agreement to Key, and Hogarth replied that it was to explain why he wanted to give in his licence and take out another.

"The purpose of your visit was to get round this provision, wasn't it?" the Solicitor-General asked.

"The purpose of my visit to Key was to get round this provision, wasn't it?" the Solicitor-General asked.

Mr Blair-Kerr asked him when he first became convinced that the evidence had to pay the \$25,000.

Hogarth replied that he knew in August 1955, that this would be asked for and that eventually they would have to take a vote on it.

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had at meetings regarding the acquiring of the licence from the Chinese was about the \$25,000 to be paid to the Chinese as compensation.

Mr Blair-Kerr asked whether Mr Burns remarked that he would not be a party to anything that might be interpreted as a bribe to a Government official.

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was no objection as far as I can recollect.

Hogarth further stated, in answer to another question, there was never any question of paying cash to Key. The cash was going to the Chinese. Key was never mentioned.

He did not think any one between January and May 1 took any steps to ascertain the whereabouts of this person, Hogarth said.

Hogarth agreed that at a meeting at the Alumni Club he had said that Key was pressing them to settle. He denied that Burns ever asked him who this person Tsao was.

Hogarth further denied that Burns had said "I told Hogarth that he (the Chinese) merely had an application, and that \$25,000 was pretty stiff."

He probably had said he knew nothing about Tsao; he had no recollection, but he could have said it, Hogarth said.

Hogarth said he had met Mr Jolly, Director of the Marine Department, twice, but not in connection with this matter.

Mr Blair-Kerr referred him to a statement given by Whitefield in answer to questions by the Police. Whitefield had said that he told Hogarth about a conversation they had on May 18 with Patterson and Mr Jolly.

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ever arise with Mr Armstrong prior to this?—No.

Then how is it that you thought it to draw his attention that it was to be in cash and not shares?—I said 25,000 dollars. Did you say 25,000 in cash not shares?—No. I said 25,000 dollars.

Mr Blair-Kerr pointed out that Mr Armstrong in his evidence said that Hogarth told him \$25,000 in cash.

This was a mistake of Mr Armstrong's recollection, declared Hogarth. Actually he received the information from Mr Armstrong that it was to be paid in currency. He never told Mr Armstrong it was to be paid in cash.

Hearing is proceeding.

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